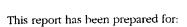


Soil Quality Evaluation and Removal Action Work Plan

Santa Clara Police Headquarters Santa Clara, California



City of Santa Clara

1500 Warburton Avenue, Santa Clara, California 95050

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Paul J. Reginato Environmental Engineer Tom F. McCloskey, R.G., C.E.G. Associate Environmental Geologist

DEPARTMENT OF TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL "OFFICIAL FILE COPY"



Mountain View

Pleasanton

Oakland

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SOIL QUALITY EVALUATION AND REMEDIAL ACTION WORK PLAN SANTA CLARA POLICE HEADQUARTERS SANTA CLARA, CALIFORNIA

1.0 INTRODUCTION

In this report we present the results of the soil quality evaluation at the proposed police headquarters site, located at the northwest corner of Benton Street and El Camino Real in Santa Clara, California (Figure 1). The purpose of this document is to present the results of a soil contamination investigation conducted at the site, a remedial action alternatives evaluation and selection, and a plan for implementing the selected alternative. This work was performed for the City of Santa Clara who will be redeveloping the site as the Santa Clara Police Headquarters building.

The site activity and analyses have been performed under a Voluntary Cleanup Program agreement between the City of Santa Clara and the California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC). This document serves as the decision-making document for the DTSC.

The site is located at 395 and 509 Benton Street, Assessor Parcel Numbers (APNs) 230-06-20, 230-06-29, and 230-07-43. There are approximately nine abandoned structures on-site. The abandoned buildings were reportedly occupied by the City of Santa Clara (until the 1950s), Mayfair Packing Company (since 1959), and a dried fruit and nut packing company (until 1954). There are reportedly five wells and a gasoline underground storage tank (UST) located

1.1 Purpose

1.2 Site Background and Previous Environmental Work

on-site (Smith 1997). All site structures will be demolished and monitoring wells will be property abandoned prior to site redevelopment.

According to the Smith report (1997), the inferred ground water flow beneath the site is northeast, and ground water depths beneath the site fluctuates seasonally, but is approximately 30 to 168 feet below the ground surface. On November 6, 1996, a site visit was performed as part of a Phase I site assessment General observations made on-site Smith (1997). included the following: a small oil stain was observed in the southeast corner of the site; a sump was observed on the north side of the office building; one ground water monitoring well was observed on-site (specific location not given); eight 55-gallon drums filled with an unknown liquid were observed on the western portion of the site; and the on-site storage building was labeled to contain asbestos containing material.

A regulatory records search performed by Smith (1997) revealed that no information concerning 395 and 509 Benton Street was available at the Santa Clara Valley Water District. Available files reviewed at the Santa Clara Fire Department (SCFD) revealed that an approximately 500-gallon diesel underground storage tank (UST) was formerly located at 509 Benton Street. During the tank removal, diesel impacted soil was detected beneath the tank. Approximately 3,450 cubic yards of soil was reportedly excavated from the former lank location and disposed at a landfill. The tank pit was backfilled and State Highway 82 was constructed in this area (Smith 1997). No analytical information

concerning the tank removal and soil excavation was presented.

In 1991, Resna Industries, Incorporated reportedly performed a limited site assessment and concluded the soil and ground water at 395 Benton Street had been impacted by petroleum hydrocarbons and selected metals exceeding California Maximum Contamination Limits (MCLs) from an existing on-site UST. However, laboratory analysis of a ground water sample collected from three newly installed wells (locations unknown) did not detect metals above MCLs (Smith 1997, page 8).

Based on a review of available aerial photographs and Sanborn Fire Insurance maps for the site, Smith concluded that the site was developed by 1885 with warehouses and sheds used by Southern Pacific Railroad and E.J. Barker's Grain Company. Since that time the site was reportedly occupied by a dried fruit and nuts packing facility, and earlier by the Santa Clara Municipal Gas, Electric, and Water Works facility; the town gas site. An above-ground storage tank was also shown on-site. By 1965, the fruit and nuts packing facility structures has reportedly been removed, and the site has remained generally similar until the present.

During a recent archaeological site investigation, a black carbonaceous material was encountered as thin layers and pockets within the upper 3 feet across the site. This material was buried in older fill material and has been interpreted to be waste from the former town gas site operations. These plants typically used coal or

oil as the feedstock to produce gas. At one time, there were more than 1,000 of these plants in the United States.

Some of the chemicals in lampblack have caused skin or lung cancer in laboratory experiments with rats and mice. On May 19, 1997, Lowney Associates collected a sample of lampblack from an archaeological trench located on-site. Laboratory analysis revealed elevated levels of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), lead, and nickel. In the trench that was sampled, lampblack was observed in thin layers (less than 2 inches) and pockets within artificial fill materials. This fill was identified previously in the Lowney Geotechnical Investigation (1997) to be 2 to 4 feet thick in the eastern portion of the site.

2.0 SOIL QUALITY EVALUATION

On July 30 through September 1, 1997, Lowney Associates directed a subsurface exploration program and logged 44 trenches, as shown in Figure 2, to approximate depths of 4 to 6 feet.

The on-site "skip" trenching was performed by excavating approximately 10-foot sections of trench, skipping 10 feet, and beginning trenching again. This method was used to trench across the project to determine the extent of the lampblack. Approximately four trench lines (A, B, C, and D) were excavated across the site. Three additional single trenches (E, F, and G) were also excavated to aid in defining the site subsurface conditions and presence of lampblack in the fill (Figure 2). Cross-sections of trench lines A, C, and D are presented in Figures 3 through 5. A cross

2.1 Subsurface Investigation

section of trench line B was not prepared because no lampblack was observed nor was it identified in confirmation soil sampling.

As presented in trench cross-sections A, C, and D, shallow soils encountered beneath the site were variable and soils can be generally grouped into three strata, as discussed below.

- ▼ Stratum Af, a brown and dark brown silty/clayey sand fill, encountered at the surface to depths ranging from 2 to 3 feet. Lenses (½ to 2 inches thick) of lampblack were encountered in this strata.
- ▼ Stratum A, a native black silty clay with fine grained sand encountered to depths ranging from 2 to 4 feet. Stratum A was interbedded with Stratum B.
- ▼ Stratum B, a native gray and brown silty sand, encountered beneath Stratum A to depths of 4 to 6 feet, the maximum depth explored.

Each exploratory trench was observed for evidence of the lampblack and other indications of impacted soil. Soil samples were obtained from selected trenches at locations where suspect lampblack material was observed. Fourteen soil samples of the suspect lampblack material were collected for laboratory analysis. Soil sampling protocol is presented in Appendix A. Sample locations are presented in Figure 2 and in the trench cross-sections presented in Figures 3 through 6.

To confirm the lateral limits of lampblack-impacted soil, four confirmation soil samples (A6-1, A14-1, C2-1,

2.2 Soil Quality

F-1, and D6-1) were collected from the artificial fill material in areas beyond the visual indications of lampblack and submitted for laboratory analysis. In addition, to confirm the vertical extent of lamp-black-impacted soil, and that leaching of the material had not occurred, six confirmation soil samples (A13-2, A8-3, A7-2, C1-3, D1-2, and A14-1) were collected from beneath lenses of lampblack and submitted for laboratory analysis. Sample locations are presented in Figure 2 and in the trench cross-sections.

Laboratory analyses were performed on selected soils to characterize the contamination present and determine the migration potential of any contaminants. The analyses performed and the analytical results are presented in Tables 1 through 9 of Appendix B. Copies of the analytical reports and chain of custody documentation are presented in Appendix C.

Twenty-four soil samples were analyzed for total threshold limit concentration (TTLC) lead and nickel (EPA Test Method 3050) and PAHs (EPA Test Method 8310). Upon receiving the analytical results of the initial soil samples, six soil samples with elevated concentrations of lead were also extracted using the soluble threshold limit concentration (STLC) with deionized water extraction and the extract analyzed for lead and nickel (EPA Test Method 6010). The modified test was used because it is more representative of natural site conditions than an acidic extraction, which is more representative of landfill conditions. Three of the six soil samples with elevated lead and nickel were also analyzed for 17 California Assessment Metals (CAM) (EPA Test Method 6010 and 7471).

2.2.1 Laboratory Analyses and Results

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One sample with elevated lead was also analyzed for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and semi-VOCs (SVOCs) (EPA Test Methods 8240 and 8270). To obtain background levels of on-site native soil, two samples were analyzed for lead and arsenic (EPA Test Method 6010).

To establish if the lampblack may have the characteristics of a hazardous waste, selected soil samples were analyzed for toxicity, reactivity, corrosivity, and ignitability. The sample with the most elevated PAHs and the sample with the most elevated lead concentration were tested for toxicity by performing fish bioassays. This sample and the next highest were also analyzed for reactivity, corrosivity, and ignitability (RCI) (EPA Test Methods 9045, 9030, and 1010). Three samples with elevated lead were also analyzed by EPA's toxicity characteristic leaching procedure (TCLP) lead and nickel (EPA Test Method The six samples with the most elevated 1311). concentrations of PAHs and lead were additionally analyzed for pH (EPA Test Method 9045). determine the potential for vertical migration, two additional samples collected from directly beneath elevated PAHs or lead were analyzed to determine their pH as well as their total organic carbon content (EPA Test Method 9060).

3.0 RESULTS

As shown in Tables 1 through 9 of Appendix B, lead concentrations ranged from 10 ppm to 4,100 ppm. Concentrations greater than the EPA Preliminary Remediation Goal (PRG) for residential use, which is 400 ppm (USEPA 1996), were detected in 2 of 26 soil

3.1 Soil Quality - Metals

samples. These two samples also exceed the Total Threshold Limit Concentration (TTLC) for lead which is 1,000 ppm. The TTLC is the level above which a solid waste is considered hazardous according to Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations (CCR). The samples are E1 and E2collected from trench E. This trench is located in the southwest portion of the site (Figure 2). All concentrations were below the residential PRG for nickel.

To evaluate the solubility and potential mobility of lead and nickel under natural site conditions, six soil samples were additionally analyzed using Soluble Threshold Limit Concentration (STLC) modified extraction using deionized water. As shown in Table 1 of Appendix B, the lead and nickel did not appear to be significantly mobile under natural site conditions.

Three samples that contained elevated levels of lead were additionally analyzed for 17 California Assessment Metals (CAM). The results are presented in Table 2 of Appendix B. The results for each sample were well below their respective TTLCs.

Six soil samples detected with the highest levels of PAHs were additionally analyzed to evaluate whether they exhibit the characteristics of a hazardous waste. Analysis of these six samples for pH detected natural background levels of pH (between 7.35 and 8.40). In addition, the two soil samples analyzed for reactivity, corrosivity, and ignitability (RCI) did not display characteristics of a hazardous waste. The soil sample that contained the highest levels of PAHs (A13-1) also did not display hazardous characteristics based on the fish toxicity test.

3.2 Hazardous Waste Characteristics

Three samples were also analyzed by the federal TCLP for lead and nickel. The TCLP hazardous waste criteria concentration for lead is 5.0 mg/l. None of the sample results exceeded this concentration. There is no established TCLP concentration for nickel. Based on these above tests, the lampblack-impacted material does not have the characteristics of a hazardous waste.

As shown in Table 9 of Appendix B, laboratory analysis of 24 soil samples for polyaromatic hydrocarbon (PAH) had total concentrations ranging from non-detect to 219 ppm. Many concentrations of individual PAHs exceed residential PRGs and thus are addressed in the Removal Action Work Plan section of this document.

Based on the analytical results and the sampling locations discussed above, the impacted soil appears to be contained within an approximately 200-foot by 225-foot area along the southwest property boundary (Figure 2). The suspect lampblack material encountered in the trenches was sporadically located throughout the area, typically in horizontal lenses or stringers approximately ¼ inch to 2 inches thick (Figures 3 through 6). This material was observed at varying depths ranging from a minimum of 1 foot to a maximum of 2¾ feet below the ground surface, but was generally observed at a depth of between 1 to 2 feet. Average depth of the material is approximately 1¾ feet below the ground surface.

4.0 REMEDIAL ACTION OBJECTIVES

Remedial action objectives (RAOs) for lampblack impacted soil must mitigate the threat to human health

3.3 Soil Quality - PAHs

3.4 Impacted Area



and the environment in a manner consistent with the planned and potential activities at and future uses of the site. RAOs for protecting public health address both chemical concentrations and potential exposure Protection can be achieved by either pathways. reducing concentrations and/or reducing potential RAOs for protecting the environment typically seek to minimize impacts on resources by addressing the medium of concern and the target clean-up levels. For this site, the target clean-up levels are EPA's residential PRGs (U.S. EPA 1996) which will allow for unrestricted use of the site once remediation is performed. Any contaminated soil consolidated and encapsulated on site that exceeds the residential PRGs will have restrictions.

Remedial action objectives should be consistent with Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements (ARAR) (40 CFR Section 300.415). The definition is derived from the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (40 CFR Section 300.5).

- Applicable Requirements: Cleanup standards, standards of control, and other substantive requirements, criteria, or limitations promulgated under federal or state law that specifically address a hazardous substance, pollutant, remedial action, location, or other circumstance at a site.
- Relevant and Appropriate Requirements: Cleanup standards, standards of control, and other substantive environmental protection requirements, criteria, or limitations promulgated under federal or state law that, while not "applicable" to a hazar-

4.1 Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements

dous substance, pollutant, contaminant, remedial action, location, or other circumstance at a site, address problems or situations sufficiently similar to those encountered at the site that their use is well-suited to the particular site.

ARARs typically are separated into three categories as follows:

- Chemical-specific ARARs: These are health-based or risk-based standards which define the allowable limits of specific chemical compounds found in or discharged to the environment. They can provide cleanup and discharge levels, governing the extent of site remediation. Most of the chemical-specific ARARs are for ground water used for drinking water; few are available for ambient air or soil.
- Location-specific ARARs: These requirements apply to natural site features (e.g., wetlands, flood plains, endangered species) and man-made features (e.g., landfills, city zoning, and places for historical or archaeological significance). Location-specific ARARs restrict the types of remedial actions which can be implemented based on the characteristics or location of the site.
- Action-specific ARARs: These ARARs are technologybased or activity-based limitations which set performance and design restrictions. They specify permit requirements and engineering controls which must be instituted during site activities, and restrict particular activities.

Federal and state non-promulgated standards, policies, or guidance documents, and legal requirements, are not ARARs. However, according to the NCP guidance, these criteria are also to be considered when evaluating and selecting remedial actions necessary to protect human health and the environment.

Potential chemical and action specific ARARs for lampblack impacted soil include:

Preliminary Remediation Goals (PRGs) (EPA 1995). PRGs published by Region IX EPA combine current EPA toxicity values with standard exposure factors to estimate media-specific concentrations in soil that are protective of humans over a lifetime of exposure. Concentrations exceeding PRGs do not automatically trigger a response action; however, exceeding a PRG suggests that further evaluation of the potential risk that may be posed by site contaminants is appropriate.

TTLCs/STLCs. Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations lists TTLCs and STLCs for classification of hazardous wastes. A waste is considered hazardous in California when laboratory results of representative samples collected from the waste indicate that contaminants exceed their respective TTLC or STLC values.

Listing and Characteristics. The EPA uses two procedures to define wastes as hazardous: Listing and Hazardous Characteristics. The listing procedure involves identifying industries or processes that produce waste which pose hazards to human health and the environment. Coal gasification plants are not listed.

The second procedure involves identifying properties or characteristics that, if exhibited by any waste, indicate a potential hazard if the waste is not properly controlled. Reactivity, Toxicity (TCLP), Ignitability and Corrosivity are the four characteristics that must be considered when identifying a waste as hazardous.

5.0 REMEDIAL ACTION ALTERNATIVE EVALUATION

This section provides the analysis of four remedial action alternatives for mitigating the threat to human health and the environment posed by the lampblack-impacted soil, taking into account planned and potential activities at and future uses of the site. These remedial alternatives include:

- No action;
- Institutional constraints;
- Excavating the impacted soil and burying this soil beneath the proposed on-site parking lot;
- Excavation and off-site disposal of all of the impacted soil.

Other potential remedial alternatives or innovative technologies have not been included because they are unlikely to be timely, implementable, and/or cost effective.

The DTSC requires the consideration of no further action during the feasibility screening process. This remedial alternative would not involve the removal or remediation of the impacted soil from the site.

5.1 Alternative 1: No Action

This remedial alternative would not involve the removal or remediation of the impacted soil from the site. It is assumed, however, that to mitigate potential future exposure to impacted soil, the proposed building, parking area, and landscape area would be constructed in the area of the impacted soil and would cap this material. If this alternative is chosen, several restrictions will apply as discussed below:

- Legal restrictions, such as deed restrictions, would be required by the DTSC for the building and parking lot portion of the project site restricting disturbances and future uses of these areas and maintaining the commercial zoning of the property into the future.
- A 2-foot cap of clean soil will be required as a cover for the lampblack impacted material in the landscaped areas.
- An Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Plan would be required to be developed to establish employee and subcontractor practices and work procedures involving the impacted soil as well as to provide notices to subcontractors that may work in this material.
- A site specific health and safety plan would be required to be prepared prior to initiation of construction activities at the site. Construction workers at the site would be required to have the appropriate Cal-OSHA health and safety training prior to working in this material, and would need to wear personal protective equipment during construction activities.

5.2 Alternative 2: Institutional Actions



However, please note that this alternative does not include managing the impacted soil encountered during construction activities. Impacted soil will be encountered, slowing construction and increasing cost.

Alternative 3 would consist of excavating lampblack impacted soil and consolidating this material on-site in areas, such as the proposed parking lot, and at depths that significantly limit the likelihood of its future disturbance in connection with the planned and potential activities at the site.

If this alternative is chosen, the restrictions discussed for Alternative 2 will apply except that the impacted material would be placed in areas not encountered during construction activities, thus removing significant health and safety requirements for personal protective equipment during construction activities. Also, the notification requirements presented in the operation and maintenance plan will be significantly reduced.

This remedial alternative involves excavating the soil impacted with lampblack and consolidating of it at an appropriate off-site facility. Removal of the lampblack impacted soil from this site would eliminate future exposure of construction and maintenance personnel working on-site. Under this alternative, the impacted soil, which appears to be limited to a 2-inch thick zone present from a depth of approximately 1 to 3 feet and to a lateral extent of approximately 33,750 square feet, would be excavated. An attempt would be made to segregate the clean soil from the impacted soil. The impacted soil would be off-hauled from the site for appropriate disposal. We estimate that this material would not exceed the hazardous waste criteria and

5.3 Alternative 3:
Soil Excavation
and On-Site
Consolidation and
Capping

5.4 Alternative 4:
Soil Excavation
and Landfill
Disposal

therefore not be classified and disposed as a California hazardous waste; we anticipate that it would be disposed at a Class II landfill. Based on recent soil sampling results, implementing this alternative would require excavating up to approximately 3,100 cubic yards (approximately 5,000 tons) of soil. We estimate that 3,000 to 5,000 tons of soil may require off-site disposal, depending upon the segregation effort. Soil samples would need to be collected and analyzed to verify that the impacted soil has been sufficiently removed from the site and to establish that the soil is not classifiable as a hazardous waste. The excavation would be backfilled with clean imported granular material as part of the new building construction.

6.0 REMEDIAL ACTION ALTERNATIVE EVALUATION

The evaluation of remedial action alternatives should consider the effectiveness, implementability, and cost of each remedial alternative. A summary of the effectiveness, implementability, and cost of the proposed remedial action alternatives is included in Table 10 of Appendix B. These three evaluation criteria are discussed and compared for the four proposed remedial action alternatives discussed above.

The evaluation of the effectiveness of each alternative is based on:

- the reliability and proven history of the alternative with respect to the chemicals and conditions found at the property; and
- the ability of each alternative to mitigate the threat to human health and the environment posed by

6.1 Effectiveness

lampblack-impacted soil in a manner consistent with the planned and potential activities at and future uses of the property.

Alternatives 3 and 4 described in Section 5 are proven and reliable methods for effectively mitigating the threat to human health and the environment posed by lampblack-impacted soil. Alternative 1, no action, would not be acceptable to the DTSC as it would likely not be protective of human health and the environment. Alternative 2, institutional actions, only relies on institutional constraints to limit exposure of individuals to lampblack-impacted soil. Because lampblackimpacted soil would remain in the shallow soil on the property, the institutional constraints would not be effective during construction activities; impacted soil would be encountered by the on-site workers and would have to be managed during construction, significantly increasing cost to manage this material. This alternative is considered the second least effective of the proposed alternatives.

Alternative 3 is effective. It relies on a combination of excavation/on-site disposal and institutional constraints to mitigate the threat to human health and the environment posed by soil containing lampblack. If these institutional constraints were inadvertently breached, potential exposure to lampblack-impacted soil could occur. However, if properly managed, the potential threat to contaminant exposure would be significantly limited.

Alternative 4 is most effective of all the alternatives because, under this alternative, all lampblack-impacted soils from the site would be removed; the potential



exposure to lampblack-impacted soils would be eliminated.

Alternatives 3 and 4 involve excavation of lampblack-impacted soil. These activities could therefore result in temporary increases in risks to workers and nearby personnel from potential exposure to lampblack. A health and safety plan and a dust control plan will be prepared to mitigate these risks and to help protect workers, nearby personnel, and off-site receptors.

Implementability of a remedial alternative is based on the technical and institutional feasibility of implementing the alternative. Technical feasibility includes the availability of necessary equipment and skilled workers to implement the alternative. Institutional feasibility includes obtaining the necessary permits or regulatory concurrence.

All four remedial alternatives are technically implementable. However, as discussed above, Alternative 1 (No Action) and Alternative 2 (Institutional Constraints) would likely not be approved by the DTSC and are not acceptable to the City of Santa Clara. Therefore, Alternatives 1 and 2 are inconsistent with planned and potential activities and future uses of the site and are not considered institutionally imple-mentable.

The cost of implementing an alternative includes capital and continuing costs. To compare the total cost of implementing each alternative, costs associated with implementing each alternative were calculated. The capital costs and continuing costs associated with implementing the four alternatives described above are summarized in Appendix D. Information regarding the

6.2 Implementability

6.3 Cost



basis for these cost estimates is also included in Appendix D.

These costs do not consider diminished property value under Alternative 1 (extensive), under Alternatives 2 and 3 (less extensive) and Alternative 4 (no impact).

Capital costs associated with implementing Alternatives 2, 3, and 4 include construction costs (e.g., constructing an asphalt cap and excavating and consolidating of impacted soil), engineering costs (e.g., preparing plans and specifications, performing construction oversight, and verification sampling and analysis), reporting costs, and DTSC oversight costs. Estimated capital costs for each alternative are presented in Appendix D.

6.3.1 Capital Costs

If deed restrictions and/or notices are imposed by the DTSC on the site, continuing costs would be incurred as a result of these institutional constraints. It is assumed that these costs would likely be incurred during earthwork "events" and result in increased long-term expenses to the property owner. Such events would include building construction or underground utility maintenance in areas with deed restrictions or notices. These events would likely require:

6.3.2 Continuing Costs

- Notifying DTSC in advance of performing earthwork;
- Preparing appropriate plans for submittal to DTSC including: work plans, health and safety plans, dust control plans, and surface water control plans;
- DTSC document review;

- Using contractors with 24 or 40 hour health and safety training to perform earthwork;
- DTSC oversight during the earthwork event;
- Preparing reports summarizing earthwork activities;
- Disposing lampblack-impacted soil; and
- Reimbursing DTSC for review and oversight costs.

Estimated costs associated with performing these activities are included as typical "event costs" which occur at a certain frequency based on the magnitude and extent of lampblack-impacted soil that remains onsite under each alternative. Continuing costs for each alternative are outlined in Appendix D. General assumptions made while developing estimates for continuing costs are listed below:

For Alternatives 2 and 3:

- Continuing costs will be incurred for annually inspecting and periodically maintaining the asphalt parking lot cap proposed as part of this alternative and during construction of the new police headquarters.
- Continuing costs will likely be incurred during earthwork "events" in areas with deed restrictions or notices. Based on the extent and magnitude of lampblack concentrations remaining on-site, it is assumed that such events will occur at a frequency of approximately one event every five years for

Alternative 2 and one event every 10 years for Alternative 3. The actual frequency could vary.

For Alternative 4:

 It is assumed that no continuing costs will be incurred, because soil with lampblack-impacted soil will be excavated and disposed off-site.

Estimated remediation costs for implementing each alternative are calculated based on the sum of capital costs and continuing costs. Appendix D shows the cost estimates with a 25 percent contingency for remedial the four alternatives implementing (Alternative 1 or No Action (\$0], Alternative 2 or Institutional Constraints, [\$22,500 to \$43,750 plus capital cost associated with managing the impacted soil Alternative during construction], 3. excavation/on-site disposal [\$90,000 to \$122,000 plus 10-year continuing cost of \$20,000 to \$41,250], and Alternative 4, excavation/off-site disposal [\$196,500 to \$382,000]). The 10 year continuing cost estimate for institutional constraints include cost for upkeep of the periodic subsurface parking lot and disturbances of the impacted material.

Alternative 1 is the least effective of the proposed alternatives in mitigating the threat to human health and the environment. Alternative 2 is the second least effective alternative. They would impede the planned and potential future development use of the police station and therefore are not considered institutionally implementable.

6.3.3 Estimated Costs
For Remedial
Actions

6.4 Remedial Action
Alternative
Selection



Alternative 3 and Alternative 4 are effective in mitigating the threat to human health and the environment. Alternative 3 is less costly than Alternative 4 and, while Alternative 4 will provide a greater reduction in potential risk, this potential risk reduction would be attained at a much higher cost. Assuming that institutional constraints are fully effective under Alternative 3, Alternative 3 and Alternative 4 could be equally effective in protecting human health and the environment.

Therefore, based on consideration of these factors, Alternative 3 is recommended as the remedial action alternative for the police headquarters site. This alternative involves excavating lampblack impacted soil and consolidating this material on-site in areas and at depths that significantly limit the likelihood of its future disturbance in connection with the planned and potential activities at the site.

7.0 PLAN FOR IMPLEMENTING THE RECOMMENDED REMOVAL ACTION ALTERNATIVE

The following is a description of the implementation plan for the recommended removal action alternative.

Prior to beginning field work, the following activities will be performed:

- applicable permits required for performing soil excavation and backfill work will be secured from the appropriate agencies;
- a health and safety plan will be written and submitted for DTSC review and approval;

7.1 Site Preparation

- · decontamination areas will be set up;
- air monitoring stations will be calibrated and set up along the perimeter of the site; and
- work zones will be cordoned off.

While performing construction activities associated with the removal action and consolidation, unauthorized individuals will be required to remain at least 20 feet away from construction activities. This restricted area will be clearly defined in the field with yellow caution tape and barricades. The restricted area will remain cordoned off until such construction activities are complete.

Lampblack-impacted soil will be excavated and moved to the future parking lot area. We anticipate that the impacted soil will not be encountered at depth deeper than 3 feet. We estimate that approximately 2,500 to 3,500 cubic yards of soil will be excavated. The impacted material will be placed on-site beneath the proposed parking lot at least 2 feet beneath the base of the baserock (Figure 7). The final location may be adjusted slightly to avoid future utilities. The as-built location will be surveyed by licensed surveyors.

The excavation created by soil removal will be left open for the grading contractor to perform subgrade compaction at a later date. Drainage measures will be performed if necessary to prevent significant accumulation of rain water. The excavation would be backfilled with clean imported granular material as part of the new building construction.

7.2 Work Zones

7.3 Excavation



Following completion of the planned excavation, 10 verification samples will be collected from the base of the excavation and 6 from the sidewalls to help establish that the impacted soil has been removed. The samples will be analyzed at a certified analytical laboratory for PAHs (EPA Test Method 8310) and total lead. If additional impacted soil is encountered, it will be excavated and subsequent verification soil sampling will be performed. If additional impacted soil encountered exceeds the removal action objectives, additional soil will be excavated and the area resampled.

7.4 Verification Sampling

Excavated soil from the area around trench E where lead concentrations were elevated will be stockpiled separately at the location shown in Figure 7 and will be placed on top of and covered with visqueen. The largest stockpile will contain soil from lampblack impacted areas. The stockpile will be evaluated per approximately 30 cubic yard increments. The soil samples will be collected at approximately the ½- to 1-foot depth interval in the stockpile and analyzed for PAHs (EPA Test Method 8310) and total lead. Soil containing levels of total lead exceeding 1,000 ppm will be transported off site as a hazardous waste and disposed of at an appropriately-licensed facility. Soils containing lead levels below 1000 ppm will be consolidated on site.

7.5 Stockpile Soil Sampling and Analysis

After a hole of adequate dimensions is excavated, the soil consolidation excavation will be backfilled using lampblack-affected material and clean soil. The final grade of backfill material and the degree of soil compaction will be as required for future site development. As previously stated, a minimum 2-foot

7.6 Backfilling
Activities

cap of clean material is required over the lampblackmaterial remaining on-site.

An effective means of dust control will be utilized to minimize the generation of dust associated with lampblack excavation activities, truck traffic onto and off the site, and the effects of ambient wind traversing excavated soil while loading transpiration vehicles. Dust control measures utilized at the site may include the following:

- Keeping vehicle speeds on the site below 5 miles per hour;
- Misting or spraying water while excavating soil and loading transportation vehicles;
- Controlling excavation activities to minimize dust generation;
- Keeping the drop heights to a minimum, while loading transportation vehicles; and
- Using dust suppressant additives in the water which can be a small amount of ordinary liquid detergent.

If visible dust (i.e., a dust concentration greater than approximately 1,000 ug/m³) is generated, immediate steps will be taken to eliminate it. These steps will include increasing the intensity of dust control activities. If after increasing dust control activities

7.7 Dust Control

visible dust is still generated, excavation or loading activities will be stopped until a plan for further dust control measured is developed.

Watering to control dust will not be so extensive as to result in ponded water.

Perimeter air monitoring will be performed during each day of lampblack excavation and/or loading activities to confirm that the total air-borne dust concentrations along the perimeter of the site are below 1,000 μ g/m³, which correspond to "visible dust levels". A dust meter that measures and records the real-time airborne dust concentration will be placed downwind from the site. The downwind location will be determined each day by the engineer in the field.

If air monitoring indicates that air-borne dust is present above $1{,}000~\mu g/m^3$ dust control activities will be increased. If after increasing dust control activities air monitoring indicates that air-borne dust levels remain above $1{,}000~\mu g/m^3$, excavation or loading activities will be stopped and a plan for further dust control measured will be developed.

In addition, perimeter air samples will be collected during the first two days in which excavation and/or loading activities are performed. These additional perimeter air samples will be collected using personal air samplers along the perimeter of the excavation area (i.e., one upwind location and two downwind locations). These perimeter air samples will be analyzed for PAHs by a certified laboratory using EPA Test Method 8310 and for total lead. The results of these additional perimeter air samples will be used to

7.8 Air Monitoring

confirm that potential air-born contaminant concentrations are not present at levels that would result in an excess incremental cancer risk for off-site receptors.

The excavation contractor performing remedial work at the site will specify personal air monitoring procedures that will be implemented to monitor potential exposure of construction workers to impacted soil during excavation and placement activities. These procedures will be described in the Health and Safety Plan prepared by the selected contractor.

Prior to beginning work, a decontamination area will be established on-site such that dust, debris, and soil are removed from equipment and transportation vehicles leaving the restricted area. Decontamination methods may consist of brushing, vacuuming, steam cleaning, high-pressure washing, or combinations of the above without the use of detergents. Water used for decontamination will be collected after use and used for moisture conditioning during compaction and consolidation of the impacted soil.

A site specific health and safety plan (HSP) will be prepared in order to establish health and safety protocols for personnel working in lampblack impacted material. This HSP will meet Federal and California Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) standards for hazardous waste operations (29 CFR 1910.120 and 8 CCR 5192).

The excavation contractor performing the on-site remedial work will also prepare a HSP; this contractor will be responsible for the health and safety of its own employees. The excavation contractor's HSP will

7.9 Decontamination

7.10 Health and Safety Plan

establish health and safety protocols for contractor personnel in accordance with Federal and California OSHA standards for hazardous waste operations (29 CFR 1910.120 and 8 CCR 5192).

The HSP prepared by the excavation contractor will, at a minimum, include the following items:

- level of personal protection that will be used during remedial activities and confirmation soil sampling activities;
- definition of exclusion, contamination reduction, and support zones; and
- air monitoring and decontamination procedures.

For structure stability reasons, all non-engineered fill at the site will be excavated, moisture conditioned, and compacted. If lampblack-impacted soil is encountered during this work or other construction, all activities within a 10-foot radius will be stopped until the extent of contamination can be established. Impacted soil will be excavated, stockpiled, analyzed, and disposed at an appropriate off-site landfill similar to the procedures described previously in Sections 7.4 and 7.5.

7.11 Impacted Soil
Encountered
During
Construction

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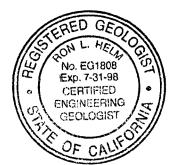
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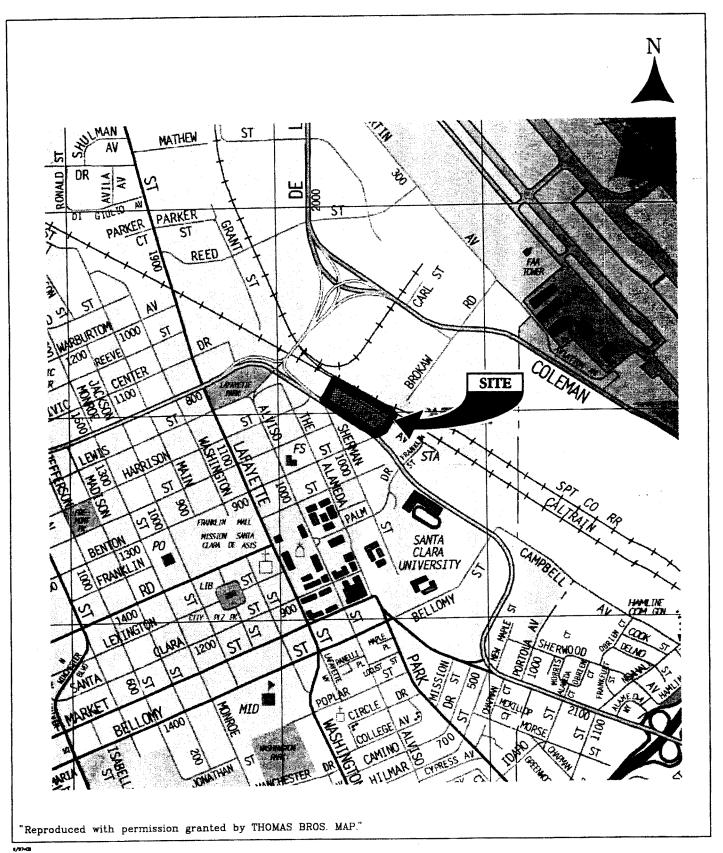
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Ron L. Helm, R.G., C.E.G.

Principal, Environmental Geologist

Quality Assurance Reviewer

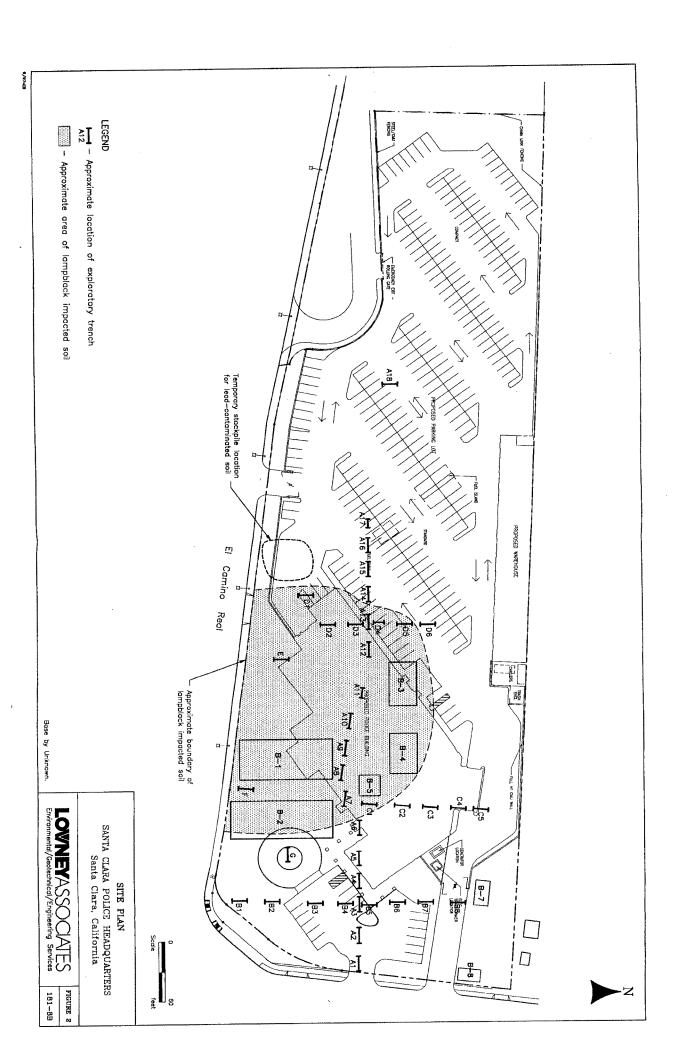


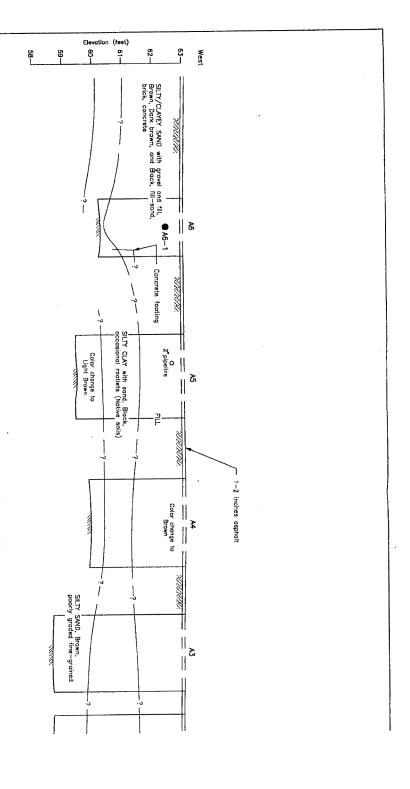


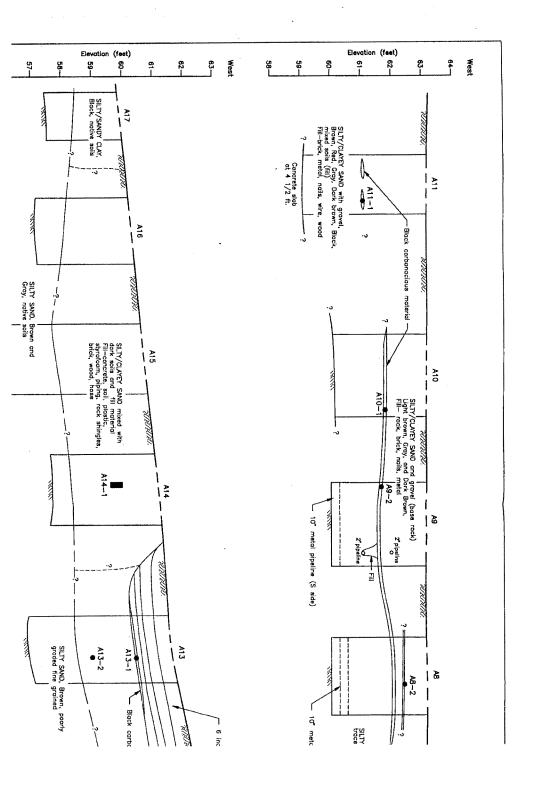
VICINITY MAP

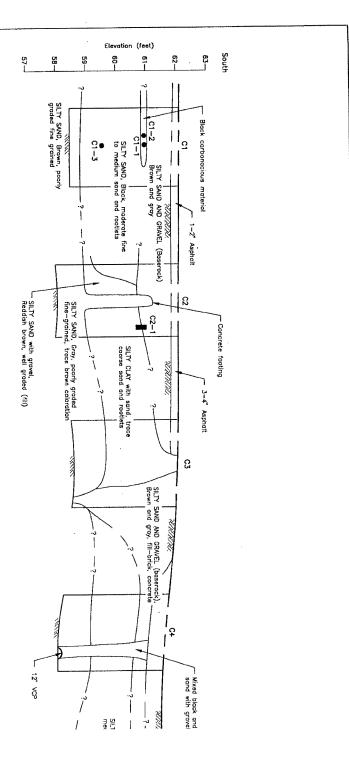
SANTA CLARA POLICE HEADQUARTERS Santa Clara, California

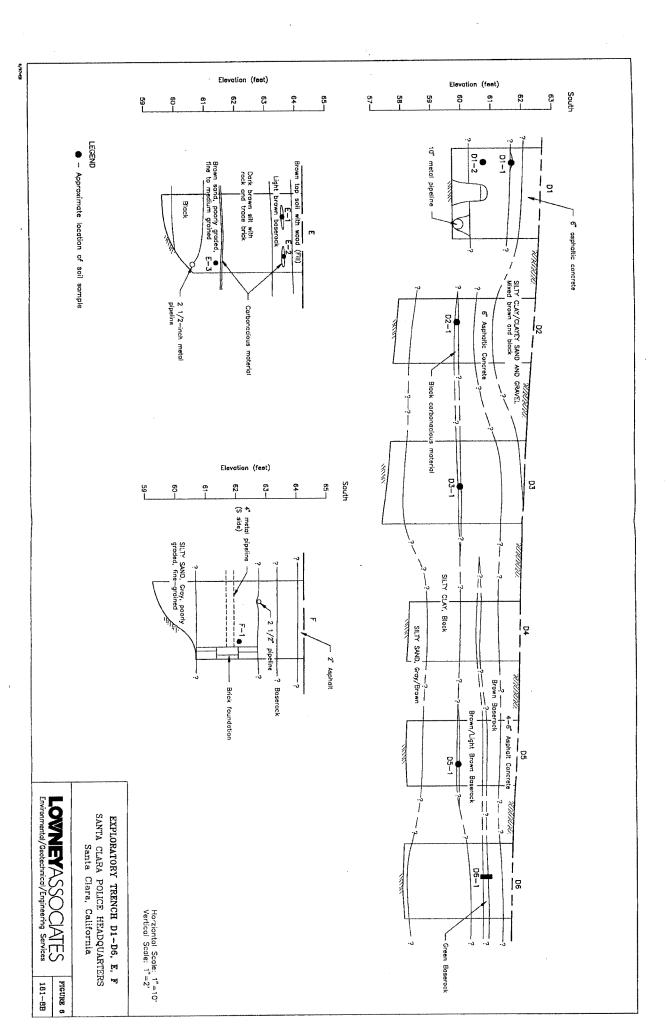


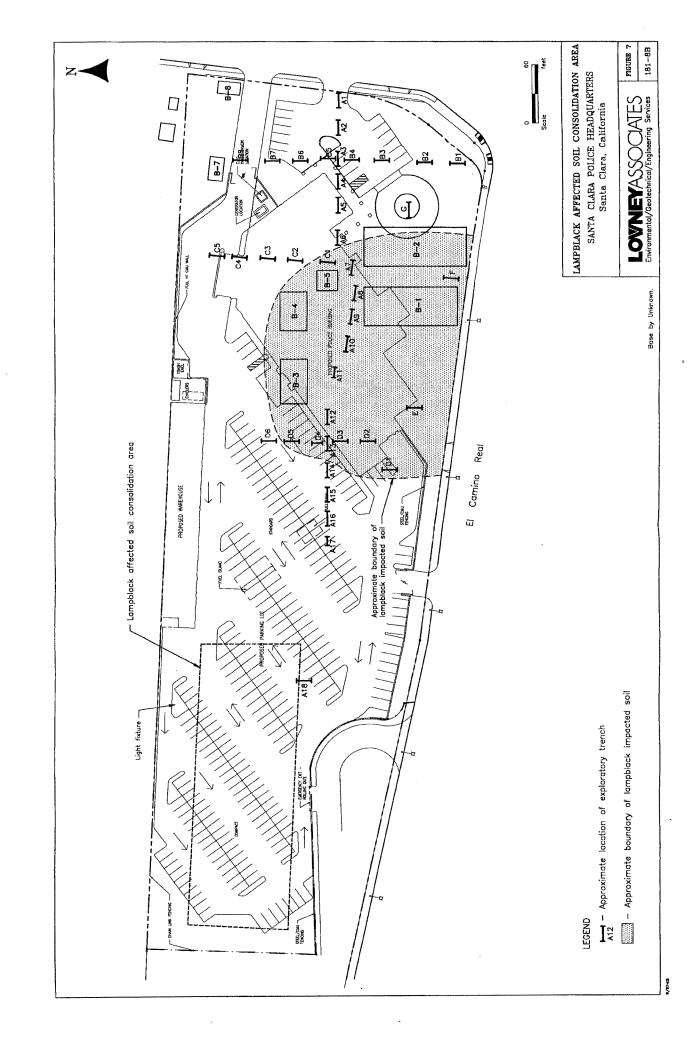












APPENDIX A SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION AND SOIL SAMPLING

The subsurface investigation was performed using backhoe. Forty-four trenches were excavated to depths of approximately 4 to 6 feet. "Skip" trenching was performed in 10-foot sections, skipping 10 feet between each trench. The trenching was done to penetrate the full thickness of the fill material which varies in thickness across the site. Our environmental engineer logged the trenches to document the extent of lamp black in the fill. Soils encountered in the trenches were logged using the Unified Soil Classification System (ASTM D-2487).

Drilling

Soil samples for laboratory analysis were collected in brass liners, the ends covered in aluminum foil, taped, then labeled with a unique identification number, placed in an ice-chilled cooler, and transported to a state-certified analytical laboratory with chain of custody documentation.

Sampling Protocol

All sampling equipment was cleaned in a solution of laboratory grade detergent and distilled water or steam cleaned before use at each sampling point. Equipment
Decontamination



APPENDIX B ANALYTICAL RESULT TABLES

TABLE 1. Lead, Nickel, and Arsenic Concentrations (concentrations in milligrams per kilogram)

			STLC ¹ D	I Water	TTLC ²			TC	LP ³
Sample ID	Sample Date	Depth (ft.)	Lead	Nickel	Arsenic	Lead	Nickel	Lead	Nickel
A6-1	8/1/97	½ to 1				33	55		
A7-1	8/1/97	11/2			·	58	39		
A7-2	8/1/97	2				12	56		
A8-2	8/1/97	3/4	0.075	0.045		96	180	5.1 ⁴	0.63
A8-2	8/1/97	3/4						0.22	
A9-2	8/1/97	1				99	92		
A10-1	8/1/97	11/2				95	38		
A11-1	8/1/97	1	< 0.015	0.060		210	51		
A13-1	8/1/97	11/4				25	55		
A13-2	8/1/97	23/4				11	53		
A14-1	8/1/97	1 to 1½	< 0.015	0.10		180	54		
C1-1	8/1/97	1				77	190		
C1-2	8/1/97	1				73	90		
C1-3	8/1/97	31/4				11	54		
C2-1	8/1/97	34 to 11/4	< 0.015	0.040		230	54	0.24	0.16
C-4	8/19/97	0 to ½	<0.50		3.4	<0.50			
D1-1	8/1/97	1				36	32		
D1-2	8/1/97	3				12	67		
D2-1	8/1/97	2				32	44		
D3-1	8/1/97	11/2			•	26	35		
D5-1	8/1/97	1¾				37	35		
D6-1	8/1/97	¾ to 1¼	< 0.015	0.040		10	40		
D-17	8/19/97	0 to ½			9.5	23			
E-1	8/1/97	11/2	<0.015	0.080		4,100	45	0.16	0.43
E-2	8/1/97	11/2				2,000	48		
E-3	8/1/97	3				30	67		
F-1	8/1/97	½ to 1				28	50		
PRG					2.4	400	34,000		

 $^{^1}$ STLC = Soluble threshold limit concentration extraction using California Deionized Water WET Method

²TTLC = Total threshold limit concentration extraction by EPA Test Method 3050. Metal analysis by EPA Method 6010 or 7420/7520.

³TCLP = Total characteristic leaching procedure extraction by EPA Test Method 1311. Metals analysis by EPA Method 6010.

⁴Sample reanalyzed.

PRG = EPA Preliminary Remediation Goals for residential use
NE = Not Established

TABLE 2. CAM 17 Metals Concentrations (concentrations in milligrams per kilogram)

Sample ID Sample Date Depth (feet)	E-1 8/1/97 1½	A11-1 8/1/97 1	C2-1 8/1/97 34 to 1 ¹ / ₄
Antimony	9.2	1.7	0.58
Arsenic	7.6	4.1	2.8
Barium	330	160	150
Beryllium	<0.50	< 0.50	<0.50
Cadmium	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50
Chromium	50	55	20
Cobalt	6.9	7.0	5.1
Copper	42	78	27
Lead	4,800	93	260
Mercury	< 0.10	0.21	0.10
Molybdenum	<0.50	< 0.50	<0.50
Nickel	38	94	21
Selenium	<0.50	< 0.50	<0.50
Silver	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50
Thallium	22	24	<0.50
Vanadium	39	59	36
Zinc	130	150	76

By EPA Test Method 6010

TABLE 3. pH Values*

Sample ID	A13-1	A13-2	C1-2	C2-1	E-1	E-3
Sample Date	8/1/97	8/1/97	8/1/97	8/1/97	8/1/97	8/1/97
Depth (feet)	1 ¹ / ₄	2 ³ / ₄	1	34 to 1 ¹ / ₄	1½	3
рН	7.75	7.35	7.70	7.70	8.40	7.60

*By EPA Test Method 9045

TABLE 4. Total Organic Carbon Concentrations* (concentrations in milligrams per kilogram)

Sample ID	A13-2	C1-2	C1-3	E-3
Sample Date	8/1/97	8/1/97	8/1/97	8/1/97
Depth (feet)	2¾	3	3 ¹ /4	3
Carbon	18,800	14,600	22,000	88,000

*By EPA Test Method 9060

TABLE 5. Phenols Concentrations*

Sample ID	C1-2	D2-1
Sample Date	8/1/97	8/1/97
Depth (feet)	1	2
Phenols	<2.0	<2.0

*By EPA Test Method 8270

Table 6. Reactivity, Corrosivity, and Ignitability¹ Results (concentrations in milligrams per kilogram)

Sample ID Sample Date Depth (feet)	A13-1 8/1/97 1 ¹ / ₄	E-1 8/1/97 1½
Sulfide	<0.5	<0.5
Cyanide	<0.5	<0.5
Flash Point	150 degrees C	152 degrees C

¹By EPA Test Methods 9030, 9010, and 1010, respectively.

TABLE 7. Volatile¹ and Semi-Volatile² Compounds Concentrations

Sample ID Sample Date Depth (feet)	E-1 8/1/97 1½
Total VOCs	ND
Total Semi-VOCs	43.34
Naphthalene	2.4
Acenaphthylene	0.94
Fluorene	0.70
Phenanthrene	7.2
Anthracene	1.1
Fluoranthene	5.6
Pyrene	5.5
Benzo(a)anthracene	2.4
Chrysene	2.8
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	3.1
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.70
Benzo(a)pyrene	2.8
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	3.3
Benzo(g,h,I)perylene	4.8

¹ By EPA Test Method 8240. Detection limits vary from 5 to 50 micrograms per kilogram. See laboratory report.

Table 8. CAM Bioassay Results

Sample ID	E-1	A13-1
Sample Date	8/1/97	8/1/97
Depth (feet)	11/2	11/4
Bioassay	Passed	Passed

² By EPA Test Method 8270. Detection limits vary from 0.67 to 3.3 milligrams per kilogram. See laboratory report.

TABLE 9. Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons ' (concentrations in micrograms per kilogram)

Total	2,025	1,692	NA	2,303	5,255	NA	1,663.6	219,400	17.6	1,290.1	13,874	88,480	NA	706.1
Pyrene	340	180	\$	350	1,190	<2 2	529	51,500	3	171	2,080	20,400	<2	63.5
Phenan- threne	170	40	. 2	145	477	2	85.7	47,000	9.7	99	1,140	17,000	<2	39
Naph- thalene	<500	<400	o\$>	<100	<500	o\$>	<50	2,300J	>00	<100	40J	<10,000	<50	>00
indeno(1,2,3- cd)-pyrene	170	<16	^ 5	230	472	\$	141	6,300	5	101	1,080	2,300	<2	5.77
Fluorene	<20	>16	\$	4	30	42	QN	4,900	<2	<4	09	1,200	<2	<2
Fluoran- thene	350	334	\$	317	1,430	^ 2	319	49,400	<2	220	2,270	25,100	2 5	130
Dibenz(a,h)an- thracene	25J	<40	\$	259	520	\$	74	5,400	\$>	29	1,200	480J	\$>	22
Chrysene	160	1,060	\$	113	<20	<2	34	2,400	\$	83.9	849	3,900	<2	6:9
Benzo(k)fluor- anthene	85	<16	^	62	91	\$	91.9	<1,000	¢2	46	530	1,700	<2	37
Benzo(g,h,f). perylene	280	49	<2	462	240	\$	189	8,000	<2	248	1,610	2,800	<2	113
Benzo(b)fluor- anthene	170	20	<2	140	390	\$	193	5,500	2	27.2	855	2,500	6 >	76.4
Benzo(a)- pyrene	170	66	\$	138	29	\$	187	11,000	<2	114	1,290	3,600	<2 <2	67.3
Benz(a)an- thracene	85	<16	\$	7.1	290	ŝ	109	12,000	æ	65	700	3,600	<2	33
Anthra- cene	70	<16	7	16	\$8	5	11	6,400	¢2	12	170	2,500	<2	5.5
Acenaph- thylene	<200	<160	<20	05>	<200	<20	<20	2,800J	<20	<40	<400	<4,000	<20	<20
Acenaph- thene	> >00	<400	05>	<100	> <500	<50	0\$>	4,500J	05>	<100	<1,000	1,400J	05>	°50
Sample ID Sample Date Depth (feet)	A6-1 8/1/97 ½ to 1	A7-1 8/1/97 1½	A7-2 8/1/97 2	A8-2 8/1/97 ¾	A9-2 8/1/97 1	A10-1 8/1/97 1½	A11-1 8/1/97 1	A13-1 8/1/97 1¼	A13-2 8/1/97 2¾	A14-1 8/1/97 1 to 1½	C1-1 8/1/97 1	C1-2 8/1/97 1	C1-3 8/1/97 3 ¹ 4	C2-1 8/1/97 % to 1%

TABLE 9. Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (concentrations in micrograms per kilogram)

Subjective According to the control of th			7	т		T		T	7		T	1
cumble coring Analysis Analysis coring Inspector	Total	591.3	NA	15,821	1,025	541	784.1	11,318	277	1,483	321	
Actuation functions Actuation functions Interactions functions Actuations functions Actuations functions Procession functions Comparing functions Actuations functions Procession functions Comparing functions Procession functions Actuations Procession functions Actuations Actuation functions Actuations Actuation functions Actua	Pyrene	51	\$	2,050	99	. 110	85.2	290	39	120	421	20,000
Activity Author. Bearing billion. Remotobillion. Permotobillion. Remotobillion. Permotobillion. Remotobillion. Permotobillion. Permotobillion. Remotobillion. Permotobillion. Permotobillion. Activity of the permotobillion. Permotobilli	Phenan- threne	91	42	200	92	19	52.4	2,040	42	249	8	1
Activity by there and the crist of	Naph- thalene	<100	<50	<2,000	<250	<200	<50	<1,000	<250	<250	<200	800
Activity the circle	Indeno(1,2,3- cd) pyrene	44	5	3,830	28	8\$	345	858	27	130	64	2.6
Acrimaph there Acrimaph the cone Acrimaph there Acri	Fhorene	45	^	×80	<10	8	<2	160	<10	<10	8	300
Activate labeline labelin	Fluoran- thene	93.3	^ 2	2,080	201	96	93.9	2,560	93	394	10	27,000
Actingh library Actingh library Anthra library Bernaciolar library Actinocional libr	Dibenz(a, h)an- thracene	<10	<5	1,500	<25	<20	\$	890	80	170	<20	0.26
Accruegh there Accruegh there Accruegh there Accruegh there Berac(s)an Berac(s)an Berac(s)an Berac(gh.1) <100 <40 <4 <4 16 14 18 <100 <40 <4 <4 16 14 18 <20 <20 <2 <2 <2 <2 <2000 <800 31 440 1,200 910 2,090 <200 <800 31 440 1,200 910 2,090 <200 <80 <8 <8 120 <8 <8 <8 <1,000 <90 <80 <8 <8 <8 <8 <8 <1,000 <00 <00 <00 <00 <00 <00 <00 <250 <00 <00 <00 <00 <00 <00 <00 <00 <00 <00 <00 <00 <00 <00 <00 <00 <00 <td< th=""><th>Chrysene</th><th>339</th><th><2</th><th>1,000</th><th>32</th><th>196</th><th>43.5</th><th>089</th><th>52</th><th>100</th><th>80</th><th>24</th></td<>	Chrysene	339	<2	1,000	32	196	43.5	089	52	100	80	24
Accriagh through throng Accriagh through cene Anthra thracene Berux(s)an pyrene Berux(s)fluor-authene <100 <40 <4 16 14 <50 <20 <2 <2 <2 <2,000 <800 31 440 1,200 910 <2,000 <800 31 440 1,200 910 <2,000 <80 <8 <8 120 <8 <2,000 <80 <8 <8 120 <8 <50 <20 <2 <2 <8 <1,000 <160 <2 <2 <8 <8 <1,000 <160 <2 <2 <8 <8 <1,000 <160 <2 <2 <40 <73 <1,000 <16 <10 <10 <40 <73 <250 <100 <40 <40 <73 <8 <8 <100	Benzo(k)fluor- anthene	4>	<2	490	37	\$	20	360	28	10	8	•
Acenaph there there there there there there there cene thracene Acenaph there th	Benzo(g,h,l)- perylene	18	\$	2,090	130	89	49.1	1,480	200	09	237	•
Acenaph there Acenaph cene thracene thracene thracene thracene cene thracene <100 <40 <4 thracene cene cene thracene cene cene cene cene cene cene cene	Benzo(b)fluor- anthene	14	4 2	910	47	8	33	029	73	100	8	•
Acenaph there there there there there there cene con	Benzo(a)- pyrene	16	\$	1,200	61	120	34	770	40	72	01	0.26
Acenaph Acenaph there thylene <100 <40 <100 <40 <200 <20 <250 <100 <250 <100 <250 <100 <1,000 160j <250 <100 <250 <100 <250 <100 <250 <100 <250 <100 <250 <100 <250 <100	Benz(a)an- thracene	44	\$	440	308	8>	28	150	20	89	<8	2.6
Acenaph thene <100 <100 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000 <2,000	Anthra- cene	<4	^2	31J	93	8	\$	250	<10	34	8>	61
┝──╂──╂──╂──┼──┼──┼	Acenaph- thylene	<40	<20	<800	<100	<80	<20	1603	<100	<100	<80	•
Sample DB Sample DB Sample DB Sample Date Depth (feet) D1-1 8/1/97 1 D1-2 8/1/97 3 D2-1 8/1/97 1½ D5-1 8/1/97 1½ D6-1 8/1/97 1½ D6-1 8/1/97 1½ E-1 8/1/97 1½ E-1 8/1/97 1½ E-2 8/1/97 1½ E-3 8/1/97 1½ F-1 8/1/97 1½ The D-1 R/1/97 1½ D6-1 8/1/97 1½ The D-1 R/1/97 1½ The D-1 R/1/97 1½ The D-1 R/1/97 R/1/9	Acenaph- thene	<100	<50	<2,000	<250	<200	<50	<1,000	<250	<250	<200	3,600
	Sample ID Sample Date Depth (feet)	D1-1 8/1/97 1	D1-2 8/1/97 3	D2-1 8/1/97 2	D3-1 8/1/97 1½	D5-1 8/1/97 1¾	D6-1 8/1/97 ¾ to 1¼	E-1 8/1/97 1½	E-2 8/1/97 115	E-3 8/1/97 3	F1-1 8/1/97 ½ to 1	Industrial PRG

 ^{1 -} By EPA Test Method 8310
 J = Reported between practical quantitation limit and method detection limit.
 PRG = EPA Preliminary Remediation Goals for industrial use.
 No established PRG concentration.

APPENDIX C ANALYTICAL RESULTS

The chilled samples were delivered to a state-certified analytical laboratory. Chain of custody documentation was maintained for all samples. Attached are copies of the analytical results and the chain of custody forms.

Attn: Tom McCloskey Lowney Associates 405 Clyde Avenue Mountain View, CA 94043

Date:	8/7/97
Date Received:	8/1/97
Date Analyzed:	8/6/97
Project Name:	SC Police HQ
Job No.:	181-8A
Sampled By:	Client

Certified Analytical Report

Soil Sample Analysis:

Sample ID	Sample Date	Sample Time	Lab#	Lead	Nickel
A6-1, ½-1'	8/1/97		D12220	33	55
D1-1, 1'	8/1/97		D12221	36	32
D2-1, 2'	8/1/97		D12222	32	44
C1-1, 1'	8/1/97		D12223	77	190
F-1, ½-1'	8/1/97		D12224	28	50
D5-1, 1 3/4'	8/1/97		D12225	37	35
A13-1, 1 1/4'	8/1/97		D12226	25	55
C1-2, 1'	8/1/97		D12227	73	90
E-1, 1½'	8/1/97		D12228	4,100	45
D3-1,1½'	8/1/97		D12229	26	35
E-2, 1½'	8/1/97		D12230	2,000	48

- 1. DLR=DF x PQL (DF=1 unless noted)
- 2. Analysis performed by Entech Analytical Labs, Inc. (CAELAP #2224)

Test Methods:

Test	EPA Method #	Units	PQL
TTLC Extraction	3050		
Lead	7420	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg
Nickel	7520	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg

Michael N. Golden, Lab Director

DF=Dilution Factor
DLR=Detection Reporting Limit

PQL=Practical Quantitation Limit ND=None Detected at or above DLR

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Attn: Tom McCloskey Lowney Associates 405 Clyde Avenue Mountain View, CA 94043

Date:	8/7/97
Date Received:	8/1/97
Date Analyzed:	8/6/97
Project Name:	SC Police HQ
Job No.:	181-8A
Sampled By:	Client

Certified Analytical Report

Soil Sample Analysis:

Sample ID	Sample Date	Sample Time	Lab#	Lead	Nickel
A7-1, 1½'	8/1/97		D12231	58	39
A10-1, 1½'	8/1/97		D12232	95	38
C1-3, 3 1/4'	8/1/97		D12233	11	54
A13-2, 2 3/4'	8/1/97		D12234	11	53
E-3, 3'	8/1/97		D12235	30	67
A8-2, 3/4'	8/1/97		D12236	96	180
A14-1, 1-1 ½'	8/1/97		D12237	180	54
A9-2, 1'	8/1/97		D12238	99	92
D6-1, 3/4-11/4'	8/1/97		D12239	10	40
A7-2, 2'	8/1/97		D12240	12	56
D1-2, 3'	8/1/97		D12241	12	67
A11-1, 1'	8/1/97		D12242	210	51
C2-1, 3/4-11/4'	8/1/97		D12246	230	54

- 1. DLR=DF x PQL (DF=1 unless noted)
- 2. Analysis performed by Entech Analytical Labs, Inc. (CAELAP #2224)

Test Methods:

Test	EPA Method #	Units	PQL
TTLC Extraction	3050		
Lead	7420	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg
Nickel	7520	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg

Michael N. Golden, Lab Director

DF=Dilution Factor
DLR=Detection Reporting Limit

PQL=Practical Quantitation Limit
ND=None Detected at or above DLR

Attn: Tom McCloskey Lowney Associates 405 Clyde Avenue Mountain View, CA 94043

Date:	8/12/97
Date Received:	8/1/97
Date Analyzed:	8/4-8/11/97
Project Name:	SC Police HQ
Job No.:	181-8A
Sampled By:	Client

Certified Analytical Report

Soil Sample Analysis:

Sample ID	Sample Date	Sample Time	Lab#	PNA's
A6-1, ½-1'	8/1/97		D12220	See Attached
D1-1, 1'	8/1/97		D12221	See Attached
D2-1, 2'	8/1/97		D12222	See Attached
C1-1, 1'	8/1/97		D12223	See Attached
F-1, ½-1'	8/1/97		D12224	See Attached
D5-1, 1 3/4'	8/1/97		D12225	See Attached
A13-1, 1 1/4'	8/1/97		D12226	See Attached
C1-2, 1'	8/1/97		D12227	See Attached
E-1, 1½'	8/1/97		D12228	See Attached
D3-1,1½'	8/1/97		D12229	See Attached
E-2, 1½'	8/1/97		D 12230	See Attached

- 1. DLR=DF x PQL (DF=1 unless noted)
- 2. EPA 8310 analysis performed by Applied P & Ch Laboratory (CAELAP #1431); see APCL report for individual compounds, detection limits, and analysis dates

Test Methods:

Test	EPA Method#	Units	PQL
PNA's	8310	μg/kg	See Report

Michael N. Golden, Lab Director

DF=Dilution Factor
DLR=Detection Reporting Limit

PQL=Practical Quantitation Limit ND=None Detected at or above DLR

Attn: Tom McCloskey Lowney Associates 405 Clyde Avenue Mountain View, CA 94043

Date:	8/12/97
Date Received:	8/1/97
Date Analyzed:	8/4-8/11/97
Project Name:	SC Police HQ
Job No.:	181-8A
Sampled By:	Client

Certified Analytical Report

Soil Sample Analysis:

Sample ID	Sample Date	Sample Time	Lab#	PNA's
A7-1, 1½'	8/1/97		D12231	See Attached
A10-1, 1½'	8/1/97		D12232	See Attached
C1-3, 3 1/4'	8/1/97		D12233	See Attached
A13-2, 2 3/4'	8/1/97		D12234	See Attached
E-3, 3'	8/1/97		D12235	See Attached
A8-2, 3/4'	8/1/97		D12236	See Attached
A14-1, 1-1 ½'	8/1/97		D12237	See Attached
A9-2, 1'	8/1/97		D12238	See Attached
D6-1, 3/4-11/4'	8/1/97		D12239	See Attached
A7-2, 2'	8/1/97		D12240	See Attached
D1-2, 3'	8/1/97		D12241	See Attached
A11-1, 1'	8/1/97		D12242	See Attached
C2-1, 3/4-11/4'	8/1/97		D12246	See Attached

- 1. DLR=DF x PQL (DF=1 unless noted)
- 2. EPA 8310 analysis performed by Applied P & Ch Laboratory (CAELAP #1431); see APCL report for individual compounds, detection limits, and analysis dates

Test Methods:

Test	EPA Method #	Units	PQL
PNA's	8310	μg/kg	See Report

Michael N. Golden, Lab Director

DF=Dilution Factor
DLR=Detection Reporting Limit

PQL=Practical Quantitation Limit ND=None Detected at or above DLR

QUALITY CONTROL RESULTS SUMMARY

METHOD: Flame Atomic Absorption

QC Batch #: SM970802 Matrix: Soil/Sand Date Analyzed: 08/02/97 Extraction Method: EPA 3050

Units: mg/Kg Quality Control Sample: D12230

PARAMETER	Method #	MB mg/Kg	SA mg/Kg	SR mg/Kg	SP mg/Kg	SP %R	SPD mg/Kg	SPD %R	RPD	QC LIMITS %R
Lead	7420	<0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	101	1.0	99	1.3	50-150
Nickel	7520	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.1	107	1.0	105	2.4	50-150
Note: LCS and LC	SD results repo	orted for the	l following i	Parameter	s:				 	

Lead Nicke/

Acceptable LCS and LCSD results are reported when matrix interferences cause MS and MSD results to fall outside established QC Limits Definition of Terms:

na: Not Analyzed in QC batch

MB: Method Blank

SA: Spike Added SR: Sample Result

SP: Spike Result

SP (%R): Spike % Recovery

SPD: Spike Duplicate Result

Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

QUALITY CONTROL RESULTS SUMMARY

METHOD: Flame Atomic Absorption

QC Batch #: SM970803 Matrix: Soil/Sand Date Analyzed: 08/06/97

Extraction Method: EPA 3050

Units: mg/Kg	Quality	Control Sample	· D11877
Ollis, ing/kg	Quanty		. DI10//

PARAMETER	Method #	MB mg/Kg	SA mg/Kg	SR mg/Kg	SP mg/Kg	SP %R	SPD mg/Kg	SPD %R	RPD	QC LIMITS %R
Antimony	7040	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	102	1.0	103	0.8	50-150
Barium	7080	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	104	1.0	103	1.5	50-150
Beryllium	7090	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	102	1.0	99	3.6	50-150
Cadmium	7130	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.1	108	1.1	109	1.3	50-150
Chromium	7190	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	103	1.0	102	0.8	50-150
Cobalt	7200	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	103	1.0	104	1.7	50-150
Copper	7210	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	102	1.0	103	0.8	50-150
Lead	7420	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.1	106	1.0	99	7.3	50-150
Manganese	7460	< 0.5	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	50-150
Molybdenum	7480	<0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	102	1.0	103	0.8	50-150
Nickel	7520	<0.5	1.0	0.0	1.1	105	1.1	106	1.1	50-150
Silver	7760	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	103	1.0	102	0.9	50-150
Thallium	7840	<0.5	1.0	0.0	1.1	106	1.0	104	2.6	50-150
Vanadium	7910	<0.5	1.0	0.0	0.5	52	0.5	53	1.3	50-150
Zinc	7950	<0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	98	1.0	99	0.7	50-150

Note: LCS and LCSD results reported for the following Parameters:

Barium

Copper

Molybdenum Zinc

Chromium

Lead

Cobalt Nickel

Acceptable LCS and LCSD results are reported when matrix interferences cause MS and MSD results to fall outside established QC Limits

Definition of Terms:

na: Not Analyzed in QC batch

MB: Method Blank
SA: Spike Added
SR: Sample Result
SP: Spike Result
SP (%R): Spike % Recovery

SPD: Spike Duplicate Result

Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

QUALITY CONTROL RESULTS SUMMARY

METHOD: Flame Atomic Absorption

QC Batch #: SM970802 Matrix: Soil/Sand Units: mg/Kg Date Analyzed: 08/02/97 Extraction Method: EPA 3050

Quality Control Sample: D12230

PARAMETER	Method #	MB mg/Kg	SA mg/Kg	SR mg/Kg	SP mg/Kg	SP %R	SPD mg/Kg	SPD %R	RPD	QC LIMITS %R
Lead	7420	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	101	1.0	99	1.3	50-150
Nickel	7520	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.1	107	1.0	105	2.4	50-150
	į		į						 	

 $Note:\ LCS\ and\ LCSD\ results\ reported\ for\ the\ following\ Parameters:$

Lead Nicke/

Acceptable LCS and LCSD results are reported when matrix interferences cause MS and MSD results to fall outside established QC Limits Definition of Terms:

na: Not Analyzed in QC batch

MB: Method Blank SA: Spike Added

SR: Sample Result

SP: Spike Result

SP (%R): Spike % Recovery

SPD: Spike Duplicate Result

QUALITY CONTROL RESULTS SUMMARY

METHOD: Flame Atomic Absorption

QC Batch #: SM970803 Matrix: Soil/Sand Date Analyzed: 08/06/97 Extraction Method: EPA 3050 Quality Control Sample: D11877

Units	mg/Kg							Quali	ty Control S	Sample: D11877
PARAMETER	Method #	MB mg/Kg	SA mg/Kg	SR mg/Kg	SP mg/Kg	SP %R	SPD mg/Kg	SPD %R	RPD	QC LIMITS %R
Antimony	7040	<0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	102	1.0	103	0.8	50-150
Barium	7080	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	104	1.0	103	1.5	50-150
Beryllium	7090	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	102	1.0	99	3.6	50-150
Cadmium	7130	< 0.5	1.0	0.2	1.1	83	1.1	85	1.7	50-150
Chromium	7190	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	103	1.0	102	0.8	50-150
Cobalt	7200	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	103	1.0	104	1.7	50-150
Copper	7210	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	102	1.0	103	0.8	50-150
Lead	7420	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.1	106	1.0	99	7.3	50-150
Maganese	7460	< 0.5	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	50-150
Molybdenum	7480	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	102	1.0	103	0.8	50-150
Nickel	7520	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.1	105	1.1	106	1.1	50-150
Silver	7760	< 0.5	1.0	0.2	1.0	82	1.0	81	1.1	50-150
Thallium	7840	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	1.1	106	1.0	104	2.6	50-150
Vanadium	7910	< 0.5	1.0	0.0	0.5	52	0.5	53	1.3	50-150
Zinc	7950	<0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	98	1.0	99	0.7	50-150

Note: LCS and LCSD results reported for the following Parameters:

Barium

Copper

Molybdenum Zinc

Chromium

Lead

Cobalt Nickel

Acceptable LCS and LCSD results are reported when matrix interferences cause MS and MSD results to fall outside established QC Limits

Definition of Terms:

na: Not Analyzed in QC batch

MB: Method Blank SA: Spike Added SR: Sample Result SP: Spike Result

SP (%R): Spike % Recovery

SPD: Spike Duplicate Result



Applied Physics & Chemistry Laboratory

13760 Magnolia Ave. Chino CA 91710 Tel. (909) 590-1828 Fax (909) 590-1498

August 14, 1997

Entech Analytical Labs, Inc. 525 Del Rey, Suite E Sunnyvale, CA 94086 Attn: Allen Aks

Re: Laboratory Analyses for Police Headquarters (LRH)

Dear Mr. Aks:

APCL received twenty four soil samples requesting for PAH (8310) analysis from your Laboratory on 08/05/97. We started the extraction and analysis immediately as a relatively short turn-around-time of four days was requested. We tried very hard to meet the turn-around-time that our chemist had to come back on Saturday to work on them. These samples were very dirty and most of them contained high concentrations of PAH components. Consequently, many samples needed dilution and re-analysis to bring the analytes concentration within calibration range. Despite of all the difficulties, APCL still managed to fax over the report to you at about 5:00 P.M. on Monday. Unfortunately, there were five samples still underwent re-analysis (97-3506-2,-5,-6,-12,-20) and the reanalysis results were not ready till next day. I admitted that this was a communication mistake in our end, for otherwise I could have flagged and made footnote on those samples so that you know these results might be changed. We faxed over the revised report on Tuesday (08/12/97), sample 97-3506-6 had bigger difference in concentrations between two runs while the rest were closed to each other.

Corrective action had been made in our Lab. to improve communication between our chemist and report reviewer so that similar mistake will not occur again.

Sorry again for all the inconveniences caused.

Sincerely

Laboratory Director

Applied P & Ch Laboratory

13760 Magnolia Ave. Chino, CA 91710 Tel: (909) 590-1828 Fax: (909) 590-1498 Submitted to:

Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

Attention: Allen Aks 525 Del Rey, Suite E Sunnyvale CA 94086

Tel: (408)735-1550 Fax: (408)735-1554

APCL Analytical Report

Service ID #: 801-973506 Collected by:

Collected by: Collected on: 08/01/97 Received: 08/05/97 Extracted: 08/07/97 Tested: 08/08/97 Reported: 08/11/97

Sample Description: Soil

Project Description: Police Headquarters (LRH)

Analysis of Soil Samples

					Analys	is Result	
Component Analyzed	Method	Unit	PQL	D12220 97-03506-1	D12221 97-03506-2	D12222 97-03506-3	D12223 97-03506-4
Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P.	AH)						
Acenaphthene	8310	$_{\mu}\mathrm{g/kg}$	50	< 500	< 100	< 2000	< 1000
Acenaphthylene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	20	< 200	< 40	< 800	< 400
Anthracene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	20	< 4	31J	170
Benz(a)anthracene	8310	$_{\mu}\mathrm{g/kg}$	2	85	< 4	440	700
Benzo(a)pyrene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	170	16	1,200	1,290
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	8310	$_{\mu}\mathrm{g/kg}$	2	170	14	910	855
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	280	18	2,090	1,610
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	85	< 4	490	530
Chrysene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	160	339	1,000	849
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	5	25J	< 10	1,500	1,200
Fluoranthene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	350	93.3	2,080	2,270
Fluorene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	< 20	< 4	< 80	60
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	170	44	3,830	1,080
Naphthalene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	50	< 500	< 100	< 2000	40 J
Phenanthrene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	170	16	200	1,140
Pyrene	8310	μg/kg	2	340	51	2,050	2,080
					Analysi	is Result	***************************************
Component Analyzed	Method	Unit	PQL	D12224	D12225	D12226	D12227
	-		•	97-03506-5	97-03506-6	97-03506-7	97-03506-8

					Analysi	s Result	
Component Analyzed	Method	Unit	PQL	D12224	D12225	D12226	D12227
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u>-</u>	97-03506-5	97-03506-6	97-03506-7	97-03506-8
Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P.	AH)						
Acenaphthene	8310	$_{\mu}\mathrm{g/kg}$	50	< 200	< 200	4,500J	1,400J
Acenaphthylene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	20	< 80	< 80	$2,\!800J$	< 4000
Anthracene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	< 8	< 8	6,400	2,500
Benz(a)anthracene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	< 8	< 8	12,000	$3,\!600$
Benzo(a)pyrene	8310	$_{\mu}\mathrm{g/kg}$	2	10	120	11,000	3,600
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	< 8	< 8	5,500	2,500
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	237	< 8	8,000	2,800
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	< 8	< 8	< 1000	1,700
Chrysene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	< 8	196	2,400	3,900
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	5	< 20	< 20	5,400	480J
Fluoranthene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	10	96	49,400	25,100
Fluorene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	< 8	< 8	4,900	1,200
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	64	< 8	6,300	2,300
Naphthalene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	50	< 200	< 200	2,300J	< 10000
Phenanthrene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	< 8	19	47,000	17,000
Pyrene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	21	110	51,500	20,400

Cl-1071 🕅 97-3506 🕽 Page: 1

13760 Magnolia Ave. Chino, CA 91710 Tel: (909) 590-1828 Fax: (909) 590-1498

APCL Analytical Report

					Analys	is Result	
Component Analyzed	Method	Unit	PQL	D12228 97-03506-9	D12229 97-03506-10	D12230 97-03506-11	D12231 97-03506-12
Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P	AH)						
Acenaphthene	8310	$_{\mu}$ g/kg	50	< 1000	< 250	< 250	< 400
Acenaphthylene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	20	160J	< 100	< 100	< 160
Anthracene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	250	9 J	< 10	< 16
Benz(a)anthracene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	150	308	20	< 16
Benzo(a)pyrene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	770	61	40	9 J
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	670	47	73	20
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	1,480	130	200	49
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	360	37	58	< 16
Chrysene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	680	32	52	1,060
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	5	890	< 25	80	< 40
Fluoranthene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	2,560	201	93	334
Fluorene	8310	μg/kg	2	160	< 10	< 10	< 16
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	858	58	75	< 16
Naphthalene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	50	< 1000	< 250	< 250	< 400
Phenanthrene	8310	μg/kg	2	2,040	76	42	40
Pyrene	8310	μg/kg	2	290	66	39	180
Pyrene	8310	μg/kg			Analys	is Result	
Pyrene			PQL	D12232 97-03506-13			D12235
Pyrene Component Analyzed	8310 Method	μg/kg		D12232	Analys D12233	is Result D12234	D12235
Pyrene Component Analyzed Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P.	8310 Method	μg/kg Unit		D12232	Analys D12233	is Result D12234	D12235
Pyrene Component Analyzed Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P. Acenaphthene	Method	μg/kg	PQL	D12232 97-03506-13	Analys D12233 97-03506-14	is Result D12234 97-03506-15	D12235 97-03506-1
Pyrene Component Analyzed Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P.	Method AH) 8310	μg/kg Unit μg/kg	PQL 50	D12232 97-03506-13 N.D.	Analys D12233 97-03506-14 N.D.	is Result D12234 97-03506-15	D12235 97-03506-10
Pyrene Component Analyzed Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P. Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Anthracene	Method AH) 8310 8310	μg/kg Unit μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg	PQL 50 20	D12232 97-03506-13 N.D. N.D.	Analys D12233 97-03506-14 N.D. N.D.	is Result D12234 97-03506-15 N.D. N.D.	D12235 97-03506-10 <250 <100 34 89
Pyrene Component Analyzed Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P. Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Anthracene Benz(a)anthracene	Method AH) 8310 8310 8310 8310	μg/kg Unit μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg	PQL 50 20 2	D12232 97-03506-13 N.D. N.D. N.D.	Analys D12233 97-03506-14 N.D. N.D.	is Result	D12235 97-03506-10 < 250 < 100 34
Pyrene Component Analyzed Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P. Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Anthracene Benz(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene	Method AH) 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310	μg/kg Unit μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg	PQL 50 20 2 2	D12232 97-03506-13 N.D. N.D. N.D.	Analys D12233 97-03506-14 N.D. N.D. N.D.	is Result D12234 97-03506-15 N.D. N.D. N.D. 3	D12235 97-03506-10 <250 <100 34 89
Pyrene Component Analyzed Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P. Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Anthracene Benz(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Method 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310	μg/kg Unit μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg	PQL 50 20 2 2 2 2	D12232 97-03506-13 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D.	Analys D12233 97-03506-14 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D.	is Result D12234 97-03506-15 N.D. N.D. N.D. 3	D12235 97-03506-14 <250 <100 34 89 27
Pyrene Component Analyzed Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P. Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Anthracene Benz(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	Method 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310	μg/kg Unit μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg	PQL 50 20 2 2 2 2 2	D12232 97-03506-13 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D.	N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D.	is Result D12234 97-03506-15 N.D. N.D. N.D. 3 N.D. 2	D12235 97-03506-10 < 250 < 100 34 89 27 100
Pyrene Component Analyzed Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P. Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Anthracene Benz(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Method 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 831	μg/kg Unit μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg	PQL 50 20 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	D12232 97-03506-13 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D.	Analys D12233 97-03506-14 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D.	is Result D12234 97-03506-15 N.D. N.D. N.D. 3 N.D. 2 N.D.	D12235 97-03506-16 < 250 < 100 34 89 27 100 60 10 100
Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P. Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Anthracene Benz(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Chrysene	Method 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 831	Unit μg/kg	PQL 50 20 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	D12232 97-03506-13 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D.	Analys D12233 97-03506-14 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.	is Result D12234 97-03506-15 N.D. N.D. N.D. 2 N.D. 2 N.D.	D12235 97-03506-10 < 250 < 100 34 89 27 100 60 10
Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P. Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Anthracene Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Chrysene Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	Method 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 831	μg/kg Unit μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg μg/kg	PQL 50 20 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	D12232 97-03506-13 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D.	Analys D12233 97-03506-14 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.	is Result D12234 97-03506-15 N.D. N.D. N.D. 2 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D.	D12235 97-03506-16 < 250 < 100 34 89 27 100 60 10 100
Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P. Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Anthracene Benz(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Chrysene	Method 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 831	Unit μg/kg	PQL 50 20 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 5	D12232 97-03506-13 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.	Analys D12233 97-03506-14 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.	is Result D12234 97-03506-15 N.D. N.D. N.D. 2 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N	D12235 97-03506-16 <250 <100 34 89 27 100 60 10 100 170 394 <10
Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P. Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Anthracene Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Chrysene Dibenz(a,h)anthracene Fluoranthene Fluorene	Method AH) 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 831	Unit μg/kg	PQL 50 20 2 2 2 2 2 2 5 2	D12232 97-03506-13 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.	Analys D12233 97-03506-14 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.	is Result D12234 97-03506-15 N.D. N.D. N.D. 2 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N	D12235 97-03506-16 <250 <100 34 89 27 100 60 10 100 170 394
Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P. Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Anthracene Benz(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Chrysene Dibenz(a,h)anthracene Fluoranthene	Method AH) 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 831	Unit μg/kg	PQL 50 20 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	D12232 97-03506-13 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.	Analys D12233 97-03506-14 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.	is Result D12234 97-03506-15 N.D. N.D. N.D. 2 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N	D12235 97-03506-16 <250 <100 34 89 27 100 60 10 170 394 <10 130 <250
Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P. Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Anthracene Benz(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Chrysene Dibenz(a,h)anthracene Fluoranthene Fluorene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	Method AH) 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 8310 831	Unit μg/kg	PQL 50 20 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	D12232 97-03506-13 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.	Analys D12233 97-03506-14 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N.	is Result D12234 97-03506-15 N.D. N.D. N.D. 2 N.D. N.D. N.D. N.D. N	D12235 97-03506-16 <250 <100 34 89 27 100 60 10 170 394 <10 130

CADHS ELAP No.: 1431 CI-1071 N 97-3506 D Page:

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APCL Analytical Report

					Analysi	is Result	
Component Analyzed	Method	Unit	PQL	D12236 97-03506-17	D12237 97-03506-18	D12238 97-03506-19	D12239 97-03506-20
Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P.	AH)						
Acenaphthene	8310	$_{\mu}\mathrm{g/kg}$	50	< 100	< 100	< 500	N.D.
Acenaphthylene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	20	< 40	< 40	< 200	N.D.
Anthracene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	16	12	58	N.D.
Benz(a)anthracene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	71	65	290	28
Benzo(a)pyrene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	138	114	67	34
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	140	97.2	390	33
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	462	248	240	49.1
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	62	46	91	20
Chrysene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	113	83.9	< 20	43.5
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	5	259	67	520	N.D.
Fluoranthene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	317	220	1,430	93.9
Fluorene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	< 4	< 4	30	N.D.
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	230	101	472	345
Naphthalene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	50	< 100	< 100	< 500	N.D.
Phenanthrene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	145	65	477	52.4
Pyrene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	350	171	1,190	85.2

Component Analyzed	Method	Unit	PQL	D12240 97-03506-21	Analys D12241 97-03506-22	is Result D12242 97-03506-23	D12246 97-03506-24
Polynuclear Aromatic HC (P.	AH)						
Acenaphthene	8310	$_{\mu}\mathrm{g/kg}$	50	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
Acenaphthylene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	20	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
Anthracene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	N.D.	N.D.	11	5.5
Benz(a)anthracene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	N.D.	N.D.	109	33
Benzo(a)pyrene	8310	$_{\mu}\mathrm{g/kg}$	2	N.D.	N.D.	187	67.3
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	N.D.	N.D.	193	76.4
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	N.D.	N.D.	189	113
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	N.D.	N.D.	91.9	37
Chrysene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	N.D.	N.D.	34	6.9
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	5	N.D.	N.D.	74	57
Fluoranthene	8310	$_{\mu}\mathrm{g/kg}$	2	N.D.	N.D.	319	130
Fluorene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	N.D.	N.D.	141	77.5
Naphthalene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	50	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
Phenanthrene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	N.D.	N.D.	85.7	39
Pyrene	8310	$\mu g/kg$	2	N.D.	N.D.	229	63.5

PQL: Practical Quantitation Limit.

MDL: Method Detection Limit.

N.D.: Not Detected or less than the practical quantitation limit.

J: Reported between PQL and MDL.

CRDL: Contract Required Detection Limit

"-": Analysis is not required.

Dominic Lau Laboratory Director

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CADHS ELAP No.: 1431

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Subcontract Chain of Custody



Subcontract Lab	:	Date Sent:	Project Name:	1 (I DII)	Due Date:	10:00
APCL		8/4/97	Police Hea	adquarters (LRH)	8/11/97 by	10:00 am
Sample ID and Source	Matrix	Required Analysis	Date Taken	Time Taken	Containers	Pres
D12220	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1 x 4 oz. Jar	
D12221	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1 x 4 oz. Jar	
D12222	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1 x 4 oz. Jar	
D12223	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1 x 4 oz. Jar	
D12224	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1 x 4 oz. Jar	
D12225	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1 x 4 oz. Jar	
D12226	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1 x 4 oz. Jar	
D12227	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1 x 4 oz. Jar	
D12228	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1 x 4 oz. Jar	
D12229	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1 x 4 oz. Jar	
D12230	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1 x 4 oz. Jar	
D12231	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1 x 4 oz. Jar	
D12232	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1 x 4 oz. Jar	
D12233	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1 x 4 oz. Jar	
D12234	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1 x 4 oz. Jar	

Relinquished By:	Received By:	_	Date:	Time:
Kelley Softwo ViA	California	Overnight	8/4/97	5:30pm
Relinquished By	Received By:	2	Date:	Time:
	Lave	Geary	080597	/030
Relinquished By:	Received By:		Date:	Time:

Page 2 of 2

Subcontract Chain of Custody



Subcontract Lab:		Date Sent:	Project Name:		_	Due Date:	
APCL		8/4/97	Police Hea	adquarters	(LRH)	8/11/97 by	7 10:00 am
Sample ID and Source	Matrix	Required Analysis	Date Taken	Time Taken		Containers	Pres
D12235	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1	x 4 oz. Jar	
D12236	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1	x 4 oz. Jar	
D12237	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1	x 4 oz. Jar	
D12238	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1	x 4 oz. Jar	
D12239	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1	x 4 oz. Jar	
D12240	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1	x 4 oz. Jar	_
D12241	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1	x 4 oz. Jar	
D12242	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1	x 4 oz. Jar	
D12246	Soil	PNA's by 8310	8/1/97		1	x 4 oz. Jar	
				***************************************			**************************************
							,

Relinquished By:	Received By:		Date:	Time:
Kelley Sofus VIA	California	Overnight	8/4/97	5:30 pm
Relinquished 184:	Received By:	_	Date:	Time:
Ç	Daub	Gary	080597	/030
Relinquished By:	Received By:		Date:	Time:
				_

13760 Magnolia Ave. Chino CA 91710Tel: (909) 590-1828 Fax: (909) 590-1498

APCL QA/QC Report

Submitted to:

Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

Attention: Allen Aks 525 Del Rey, Suite E Sunnyvale, CA 94086

Tel: (408)735-1550 Fax: (408)735-1554

Service ID #: 801-973506

Collected by:

Collected on: 08/01/97

Sample description: Soil

Project: Police Headquarters (LRH)

Analysis of Soil

801-973506QC

Received: 08/05/97

Reported: 8/13/97

Tested: 08/08/97

	Analysis	CCV	ccv	M-Blank	Conc.	SP Level	LCS	MS	MSD	MS/MSD	Contro	l Limit
Component Name	Batch #	$(\mu_{\rm g}/{ m L})$	%Rec		Unit		%Rec	%Rec	%Rec	%RPD	%Rec	%Diff
Polynuclear Aromatic H	C (PAH)											
Naphthalene	97G3403	12500	95	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	416	86	81	82	1	65-135	30
Acenaphthylene	97G3403	12500	97	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	416	87	89	84	5	65-135	30
Acenaphthene	97G3403	25000	94	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	833	90	79	67	16	65-135	25
Fluorene	97G3403	2500	94	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	83.3	87	87*	84*	4	65-135	26
Phenanthrene	97G3403	1000	99	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	33.3	93	93*	90*	3	65-135	30
Anthracene	97G3403	500	102	N.D.	μ g/kg	16.7	97	97*	93*	4	65-135	30
Fluoranthene	97G3403	1250	97	n.d.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	41.6	96	96*	92*	3	65-135	30
Pyrene	97G3403	2500	96	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	83.3	94	94*	9 0*	4	65-135	28
Benz(a)anthracene	97G3403	1250	94	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	41.6	105	105*	99*	6	65-135	30
Chrysene	97G3403	1250	90	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	41.6	104	104*	99*	6	65-135	30
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	97 G3403	500	103	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	16.7	110	110*	102*	8	65-135	30
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	97G3403	500	102	N.D.	$\mu_{ m g/kg}$	16.7	127	127*	109*	15	65-135	30
Benzo(a)pyrene	97G3403	1250	93	N.D.	$\mu \mathrm{g/kg}$	41.6	115	115*	102*	12	65-135	29
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	97G3403	5000	85	N.D.	$\mu \mathrm{g/kg}$	167	113	113*	104*	9	65-135	30
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	97G3403	2000	98	N.D.	$\mu_{ m g/kg}$	66.6	109	109*	103*	5	65-135	30
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	97G3403	1250	100	N.D.	$\mu_{ m g}/{ m kg}$	41.6	113	113*	107*	6	65-135	30

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APCL QA/QC Report

	Analysis	CCV	ccv	M-Blank	Conc.	SP Level	LCS	MS	MSD	MS/MSD	Contro	l Limit
Component Name	Batch #	$(\mu_{\rm g}/{ m L})$	%Rec		Unit		%Rec	%Rec	%Rec	%RPD	%Rec	%Diff
Polynuclear Aromatic H	C (PAH)								-			
Naphthalene	97G3404	12500	96	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	416	82	87	81	8	65-135	30
Acenaphthylene	97G3404	12500	100	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	416	85	93	86	8	65-135	30
Acenaphthene	97G3404	25000	89	N.D.	$\mu \mathrm{g}/\mathrm{kg}$	833	80	89	79	12	65-135	25
Fluorene	97G3404	2500	103	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	83.3	92	99	94	5	65-135	26
Phenanthrene	97G3404	1000	101	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	33.3	91	107	101	6	65-135	30
Anthracene	97G3404	500	105	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	16.7	95	99	95	4	65-135	30
Fluoranthene	97G3404	1250	101	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	41.6	96	100	92	8	65-135	30
Pyrene	97G3404	2500	98	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	83.3	91	97	90	7	65-135	28
Benz(a)anthracene	97G3404	1250	95	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	41.6	101	98	92	7	65-135	30
Chrysene	97G3404	1250	92	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	41.6	102	95	90	5	65-135	30
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	97G3404	500	103	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	16.7	97	110	104	5	65-135	30
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	97G3404	500	104	N.D.	$\mu_{ m g/kg}$	16.7	106	106	109	2	65-135	30
Benzo(a)pyrene	97G3404	1250	93	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	41.6	101	93	89	5	65-135	29
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	97G3404	5000	86	N.D.	$\mu_{ m g}/{ m kg}$	167	105	94	90	4	65-135	30
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	97G3404	2000	91	N.D.	$\mu { m g/kg}$	66.6	98	94	90	5	65-135	30
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	97G3404	1250	100	N.D.	$\mu_{ m g}/{ m kg}$	41.6	116	108	101	6	65-135	30

*: LCS/LCSD is used.

Notation: ICV - Initial Calibration Verification

CCV - Continuation Calibration Verification

LCS - Lab Control Spike MS - Matrix Spike

MSD - Matrix Spike Duplicate ICS - Interference Check Standard

MD - Matrix Duplicate

N.D. - Not detected or less than PQL

CCB - Continuation Calibration Blank

M-blank – Method Blank SP Level – Spike Level

%Rec - Recovery Percent %RPD - Relative Percent Differences

%Diff - Control Limit for %RPD

ICP-SD - ICP Serial Dilution

N.A. - Not Applicable

Respectfully submitted,

Kevin Xie, Ph. D.,

QA Director

Applied P & Ch Laboratory

LOWNEYASSOCIATES
CIMIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

SEND HESULTS TO,

405 Clyde Ave

405 Clyde Ave

Mountain View, Ca 94043

415-967-2365

FAX COPY:

415-967-2785 (PAX)

Project Name:				Turna	urnaround									
SC	Police	1	9	Requirements:	ments:		,		VNV	ANALYSIS REQUESTED	iguis'	CHI		
Job No.:	-181	-8A		- [] 10 Working days	king days		1							
Report To:	Sund	Mc Closko	sker	- X 5 Work	Working days		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	<i> </i>	\	<i> </i>
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		W. S. S. C. C. S.		:	;	Received by Labs	ly Lab:			Date:		Three		

LOWNEYASSOCIATES CITAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

SEND RESULTS TO,

405 Clyde Ave

Mountain View, Ca 94043

415-967-2365

FAX COPY: (A 115-967-2785 (PAX)

Project Name:									2							Ī
,		•		Tumaround	round											
SC /	Sc Police	40		≥ '	snents:				VV V	ANALYSIS REQUESTED	Dini s	Olisir	<u> </u>			
Job No.: 18/	181-84	•		™ 0 Wo	O Working days			-		-		-		-		T
Report To:	7	1104/10		- X 5 Work	Working days			<u> </u>	\	\	0>	<u>`</u>	<u>\</u>	\	<u> </u>	$\overline{}$
Sampler (print):	Rul	Regin	a Ta	- 🗆 3 Work	Working days			(0)	_(0)	(Q)	7 37) 2^3		\	<u>\</u>	<i>\</i>	
Sampler (signature):	PA		1.4	[] 40 Hours	2	E/S10	Care	\ ?	رجح	\ 25\	2	\	<u> </u>	\	<u></u>	
QC Requirements:				[] 24 Hours	2	P(P) 2:	V 28	201	-	<u>ئ</u> ئىر	>h	<u> </u>	\	<u> </u>	<u></u>	
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					-	Received by Lab	=======================================			Date			Thur:		•	

Attn: Tom McCloskey Lowney Associates 405 Clyde Avenue Mountain View, CA 94043

Date:	8/22/97
Date Received:	8/1/97
Date Analyzed:	8/22/97
Project Name:	SC Police HQ
Job No.:	181-8A
Sampled By:	Client

Certified Analytical Report

Soil Sample Analysis:

Sample ID	Sample Date	Sample Time	Lab #	STLC DI	STLC DI
•		-		Lead	Nickel
E-1, 1½'	8/1/97		D12228	ND	0.040
E-2, 1½'	8/1/97		D12230	ND	0.080
A8-2, 3/4'	8/1/97		D12236	0.075	0.045
A14-1, 1-1 ½'	8/1/97		D12237	ND	0.10
A11-1, 1'	8/1/97		D12242	ND	0.060
C2-1, 3/4-11/4'	8/1/97		D12246	ND	0.040

1. DLR=DF x PQL (DF=1 unless noted)

Test Methods:

Test	EPA Method #	Units	PQL
STLC DI Extraction	CA DI WET		
Lead	6010	mg/liter	0.015 mg/l
Nickel	6010	mg/liter	0.005 mg/l

Michael N. Golden, Lab Director

DF=Dilution Factor
DLR=Detection Reporting Limit

PQL=Practical Quantitation Limit
ND=None Detected at or above DLR

AUG 2 9 1997

^{2.} Analysis performed by Entech Analytical Labs, Inc. (CAELAP #2224)

Attn: Tom McCloskey Lowney Associates 405 Clyde Avenue Mountain View, CA 94043

Date:	8/22/97
Date Received:	8/1/97
Date Analyzed:	8/22/97
Project Name:	SC Police HQ
Job No.:	181-8A
Sampled By:	Client

Certified Analytical Report

Soil Sample Analysis:

Sample ID	Sample Date	Sample Time	Lab#	TCLP Lead	TCLP Nickel
E-1, 1½'	8/1/97		D12228	0.16	0.43
A8-2, 3/4'	8/1/97		D12236	5.1	0,63
C2-1, 3/4-11/4'	8/1/97		D12246	0.24	0.16

1. DLR=DF x PQL (DF=1 unless noted)

Test Methods:

Test	EPA Method#	Units	PQL
TCLP Extraction	1311		
Lead	6010	mg/liter	0.015 mg/l
Nickel	6010	mg/liter	0.005 mg/l

Michael N. Golden, Lab Director

DF=Dilution Factor
DLR=Detection Reporting Limit

PQL=Practical Quantitation Limit
ND=None Detected at or above DLR

^{2.} Analysis performed by Entech Analytical Labs, Inc. (CAELAP #2224)

Attn: Tom McCloskey Lowney Associates 405 Clyde Avenue Mountain View, CA 94043

Date:	8/22/97
Date Received:	8/1/97
Date Analyzed:	8/22/97
Project Name:	SC Police HQ
Job No.:	181-8A
Sampled By:	Client

Certified Analytical Report

Soil Sample Analysis:

Test	E-1, 1½'	A11-1, 1'	C2-1, 3/4-11/4'	Units	PQL	EPA
						Method #
Sample Method						
Sample Date	8/1/97	8/1/97	8/1/97			
Sample Time						
Extraction	TTLC	TTLC	TTLC			3050
Lab#	D12228	D12242	D12246			
Antimony	9.2	1.7	0.58	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg	6010
Arsenic	7.6	4.1	2.8	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg	6010
Barium	330	160	150	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg	6010
Beryllium	ND	ND	ND	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg	6010
Cadmium	ND	ND	ND	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg	6010
Chromium	50	55	20	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg	6010
Cobalt	6.9	7.0	5.1	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg	6010
Copper	42	78	27	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg	6010
Lead	4800	93	260	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg	6010
Mercury	ND	0.21	0.10	mg/kg	0.10 mg/kg	7471
Molybdenum	ND	ND	ND	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg	6010
Nickel	38	94	21	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg	6010
Selenium	ND	ND	ND	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg	6010
Silver	ND	ND	ND	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg	6010
Thallium	22	24	ND	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg	6010
Vanadium	39	59	36	mg/kg	1.0 mg/kg	6010
Zinc	130	150	76	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg	6010

1. DLR=DF x PQL (DF=1 unless noted)

2. Analysis performed by Entech Analytical Labs, Inc. (CAELAP #2224)

Michael N. Golden, Lab Director

DF=Dilution Factor
DLR=Detection Reporting Limit

PQL=Practical Quantitation Limit ND=None Detected at or above DLR

Attn: Tom McCloskey Lowney Associates 405 Clyde Avenue Mountain View, CA 94043

Date:	8/22/97
Date Received:	8/1/97
Date Analyzed:	8/20/97
Project Name:	SC Police HQ
Job No.:	181-8A
Sampled By:	Client

Certified Analytical Report

Soil Sample Analysis:

Sample ID	Sample Date	Sample Time	Lab#	рH
C1-2, 1'	8/1/97		D12227	7.70
A13-2, 2 3/4'	8/1/97		D12234	7.35
E-3, 3'	8/1/97		D12235	7.60
C2-1, 3/4-11/4'	8/1/97		D12246	7.70

- 1. DLR=DF x PQL (DF=1 unless noted)
- 2. Analysis performed by Entech Analytical Labs, Inc. (CAELAP #2224)

Test Methods:

Test	EPA Method#	Units	PQL
Hq	9045		

Michael N. Golden, Lab Director

DF=Dilution Factor
DLR=Detection Reporting Limit

PQL=Practical Quantitation Limit
ND=None Detected at or above DLR

Attn: Tom McCloskey Lowney Associates 405 Clyde Avenue Mountain View, CA 94043

Date:	8/22/97
Date Received:	8/1/97
Date Analyzed:	8/21/97
Project Name:	SC Police HQ
Job No.:	181-8A
Sampled By:	Client

Certified Analytical Report

Soil Sample Analysis:

Sample ID	Sample Date	Sample Time	Lab#	Total Organic Carbon
C1-3, 3 1/4'	8/1/97		D12233	22,000
A13-2, 2 3/4'	8/1/97	:	D12234	18,800
E-3, 3'	8/1/97		D12235	88,000
D1-2, 3'	8/1/97		D12241	14,600

- 1. DLR=DF x PQL (DF=1 unless noted)
- 2. Analysis performed by Advanced Technology Laboratories (CAELAP #1838); see ATL report for analysis details

Test Methods:

Test	EPA Method#	Units	PQL
Total Organic Carbon	9060	mg/kg	See Report

Michael N. Golden, Lab Director

DF=Dilution Factor
DLR=Detection Reporting Limit

PQL=Practical Quantitation Limit ND=None Detected at or above DLR

Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

CA ELAP# 2224

525 Del Rey Avenue, Suite E • Sunnyvale, CA 94086 • (408) 735-1550 • Fax (408) 735-1554

Attn: Tom McCloskey Lowney Associates 405 Clyde Avenue Mountain View, CA 94043

Date:	8/22/97
Date Received:	8/1/97
Date Analyzed:	8/18-8/22/97
Project Name:	SC Police HQ
Job No.:	181-8A
Sampled By:	Client

Certified Analytical Report

Soil Sample Analysis:

Sample ID	Sample Date	Sample Time	Lab#	CCR Title 22
				Bioassay
A13-1, 1 1/4'	8 /1/9 7		D12226	Passed

Analysis performed by Advanced Technology Laboratories (CAELAP #1838); see ATL report for analysis details

Michael N. Golden, Lab Director

QUALITY CONTROL RESULTS SUMMARY

METHOD: ICP

QC Batch #: SM970802

Date Analyzed: 08/28/97

Matrix: Solid

Extraction Method: EPA 3050

Units	Units: mg/kg Spiked Sarople: Blank Spik										
PARAMETER	Method #	MB mg/kg	SA mg/kg	SR mg/kg	SP mg/kg	SP %R	SPD mg/Kg	SPD %R	RPD	RPD	QC LIMITS %R
Antimony	6010	<0.5	na	na	l na	na	na	na	na na	25.0	50-150
Arsenic	6010	<0.5	na	na	na	na	na	na	na na	25.0	50-150
Barium	6010	<0.5	na	na na	na	na	na	na	na na	25.0	50-150
Beryllium	6010	<0.5	na	na	na	na	na	na	l na	25.0	50-150
Cadmium	6010	<0.5	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	25.0	50-150
Chromium	6010	<0.5	na	na	na na	na	na i	na	na	25.0	50-150
Cobalt	6010	<0.5	na	na	na	na	na	na	l na	25.0	50-150
Copper	6010	< 0.5	na	na	na	na	na	na	l na	25.0	50-150
Lead	6010	<0.5	25.	0.0	24.	94	23.	93	0.9	25.0	50-150
Molybdenum	6010	<0.5	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	25.0	50-150
Nickel	6010	<0.5	25.	0.0	23.	91	24.	96	5.7	25.0	50-150
Selenium	6010	<0.5	na i	na	na	na	na	na	na	25.0	50-150
Silver	6010	<0.5	na i	na	na	na	na	na	na	25.0	50-150
Thallium	6010	<0.5	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	25.0	50-150
ı Vanadium	6010	<0.5	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	25.0	50-150
Zinc	6010	< 0.5	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	25.0	50-150

Note: LCS and LCSD results reported for the following Parameters:

Antimony

Selenium

Barium Thallium

Nickel

Acceptable LCS and LCSD results are reported when matrix interferences cause MS and MSD results to fall outside established QC limits.

Definition of Terms:

na: Not Analyzed in QC batch

MB: Method Blank SA: Spike Added SR: Sample Result

SP: Spike Result SP (%R): Spike % Recovery

SPD: Spike Duplicate Result

SPD (%R): Spike Duplicate % Recovery

525 Del Rey Avenue, Suite E Sunnyvale, CA 94086

QUALITY CONTROL RESULTS SUMMARY

METHOD: ICP

QC Batch #: SM970803 Matrix: Solid

#: SM970803

Units: mg/kg

Date Analyzed: 08/28/97 Extraction Method: EPA 3050 Spiked Sample: Blank Spike

PARAMETER	Method #	МВ	SA	SR	SP	SP	SPD	SPD	RPD	•	QC LIMITS
		mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	%R	mg/Kg	%R		RPD	%R
Antimony	6010	< 0.5	na na	na	na	na	na	na	na	25.0	50-150
Arsenic	6010	< 0.5	na na	na	na	na	na	na na	na na	25.0	50-150
Barium	6010	< 0.5	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	25.0	50-150
Beryllium	6010	< 0.5	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	25.0	50-150
Cadmium	6010	< 0.5	na	na	na	na	na	na	. na	25.0	50-150
Chromium	6010	< 0.5	na i	na	na	na na	na i	na	na.	25.0	50-150
Cobalt	6010	< 0.5	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	25.0	50-150
Соррег	6010	< 0.5	na i	na	na	na	na	na	na	25.0	50-150
Lead	6010	< 0.5	25.	0.0	23.	92	23.	93	1.3	25.0	50-150
Molybdenum	6010	< 0.5	na	na	na	na	na ¦	na	na	25.0	50-150
Nickel	6010	< 0.5	25.	0.0	22.	89	22.	90	0.6	25.0	50-150
Selenium	6010	< 0.5	na i	na	na	na	na i	na	na i	25.0	50-150
Silver	6010	< 0.5	na	na	na	na	na i	na	na	25.0	50-150
Thallium	i 6010 i	< 0.5	na i	na	na	na	na	na	na	25.0	50-150
Vanadium	6010	<0.5	ı na i	na l	na	na	ı na i	na	na i	25.0	50-150
Zinc	6010	< 0.5	na i	na	na	na	na i	na	na	25.0	50-150
			!		l :	 -	! ! ! !	[!!!!]

Note: LCS and LCSD results reported for the following Parameters:

Antimony

Selenium

Barium

Thallium

Nickel

Acceptable LCS and LCSD results are reported when matrix interferences cause MS and MSD results to fall outside established QC limits.

Definition of Terms:

na: Not Analyzed in QC batch

MB: Method Blank SA: Spike Added SR: Sample Result SP: Spike Result

SP (%R): Spike % Recovery

SPD: Spike Duplicate Result

SPD (%R): Spike Duplicate % Recovery

Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

QUALITY CONTROL RESULTS SUMMARY

METHOD: ICP

QC Batch #: WN0261

Date Analyzed: 08/20/97 Quality Control Sample: D12975

Matrix: Water

Units: mg/L **RPD QC LIMITS** SP SP **SPD SPD** SR PARAMETER Method # MB SA % R %R **RPD** %R mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L 3.6 75-125 20.0 114 <0.005 i 0.50 ND 0.59 118 0.57 200.7 Antimony 75- 125 20.0 99 7.2 106 0.49 <0.005 0.50 ND 0.53 200.7 Arsenic 11.4 75-125 20.0 98 110 0.49 ND 0.55 Barium 200.7 <0.005! 0.50 75- 125 20.0 0.52 103 0.53 106 2.5 <0.005 i 0.50 ND Beryllium 200.7 0.8 75- 125 20.0 <0.005 ND 0.53 107 0.53 106 0.50 200.7 Cadmium 0.53 102 2.0 75-125 20.0 100 0.015 0.52 200.7 < 0.005 ! 0.50 Chromium 75- 125 20.0 0.4 94 0.47 94 0.50 ND 0.47 Cobalt 200.7 <0.0051 75- 125 20.0 <0.005 98 1.8 0.50 0.013 0.51 100 0.51 200.7 Copper · 75- 125 20.0 0.50 100 0.4 0.50 101 <0.005 0.50 ND 200.7 Lead 109 1.6 75- 125 20.0 0.54 0.55 110 Molybdenum 200.7 < 0.005 | 0.50 ND 75-125 20.0 7.3 <0.005 | 0.50 0.012 0.53 104 0.50 97 Nickel 200.7 92 6.3 75- 125 20.0 0.49 98 0.46 <0.005 0.50 ND 200.7 Selenium 75- 125 20.0 2.8 0.57 114 0.59 117 200.7 < 0.005 | 0.50 ND Silver 75- 125 20.0 102 3.4 0.012 0.51 99 0.52 Thallium 200.7 <0.005 i 0.50 75- 125 20.0 0.50 100 0.50 99 0.6 <0.005 0.50 ND 200.7 Vanadium 96 7.0 75-125 20.0 0.51 0.54 103 < 0.005 | 0.50 0.028 Zinc 200.7

Note: LCS and LCSD results reported for the following Parameters:

Acceptable LCS and LCSD results are reported when matrix interferences cause MS and MSD results to fall outside established QC limits.

Definition of Terms:

Nickel

MB: Method Blank

na: Not analyzed in QC batch

SA: Spike Added

SR: Sample Result

SP: Spike Result

SP (%R) Spike % Recovery

SPD Spike Duplicate Result

SPD (%R) Spike % Recovery

Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

525 Del Rey Avenue, Suite E Sunnyvale, CA 94086

QUALITY CONTROL RESULTS SUMMARY

METHOD: Cold Vapor Atomic Absorption

QC Batch #: SHG970808

Date Analyzed: 08/22/97

Matrix: Soil

Quality Control Sample: D12932

Units: mg/kg

PARAMETER	Method #	MB mg/kg	SA mg/kg	SR mg/kg	SP mg/kg	SP %R	SPD mg/kg	SPD %R	RPD	QC LIMITS '%R
Mercury	7471	<0.10	0.50	0.23	0.70	94	0.68	90	i 4.3	i 70-130

Definition of Terms:

MB: Method Blank

SA: Spike Added

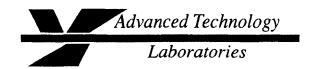
SR: Sample Result

SP: Spike Result

SP (%R) Spike % Recovery

SPD Spike Duplicate Result

SPD (%R) Spike Duplicate % Recovery



August 22, 1997

ELAP No.: 1838

Entech Analytical Labs, Inc. 525 Del Rey Avenue, Suite E Sunnyvale, CA 94086

ATTN:

Mr. Mike Golden

Client's Project:

181-8A

Lab No.:

19696-001/004

Gentlemen:

Enclosed are the results for sample(s) received by Advanced Technology Laboratories and tested for the parameters indicated in the enclosed chain of custody.

Thank you for the opportunity to service the needs of your company. Please feel free to call me at (562) 989 - 4045 if I can be of further assistance to your company.

Sincerely,

Edgar P. Caballero Laboratory Director

EPC/ms

Enclosures

This cover letter is an integral part of this analytical report.

This report pertains only to the samples investigated and does not necessarily apply to other apparently identical or similar materials. This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the client to whom it is addressed. Any reproduction of this report or use of this Laboratory's name for advertising or publicity purpose without authorization is prohibited.

Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

Attn:

Mr. Mike Golden

Client's Project:

181-8A

Date Received:

08/19/97

Lab No:

19696-001

Date Sampled:

NA

Sample ID: D12233 (D1-2,3')

Matrix:

Soil

Analysis	Date Analyzed	Results	Units	MDL	DLR	Analyst
EPA 9060 (TOC)	08/21/97	22000	mg/kg	30	200	IG
						<u> </u>
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Advance						
		<u></u>				
Account to the second s						

MDL = Method Detection Limit ND = Not Detected (Below DLR) DF = Dilution Factor (DLR/MDL)

Reviewed/Approved By:____

Cheryl de los Reyes

Department Supervisor

Date:____



Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

Attn:

Mr. Mike Golden

Client's Project:

181-8A

Date Received:

08/19/97

Lab No:

19696-002

Date Sampled: NA

Sample ID: D12234 (C1-3,3 1/4')

Matrix:

Soil

Analysis	Date Analyzed	Results	Units	MDL	DLR	Analyst
EPA 9060 (TOC)	08/21/97	18800	mg/kg	30	200	IG
		<u></u>				
			<u> </u>			

MDL = Method Detection Limit
ND = Not Detected (Below DLR)
DF = Dilution Factor (DLR/MDL)

Reviewed/Approved By:

Cheryl de los Reyes

Department Supervisor

Date: 8/22/97



Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

Attn:

Mr. Mike Golden

Client's Project:

181-8A

Date Received:

08/19/97

Lab No:

19696-003

Date Sampled:

NA

Sample ID: D12235 (A13-2, 2 3/4')

Matrix:

Soil

Date Analyzed	Results	Units	MDL	DLR	Analyst
08/21/97	88000	mg/kg	30	600	IG

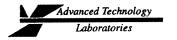
				1440-24-1	
	Date Analyzed 08/21/97				

MDL = Method Detection Limit ND = Not Detected (Below DLR) DF = Dilution Factor (DLR/MDL)

Reviewed/Approved By:_

Cheryl de los Reyes

Department Supervisor



Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

Attn:

Mr. Mike Golden

Client's Project:

181-8A

Date Received:

08/19/97

Lab No:

19696-004

Date Sampled:

NA

Sample ID:

D12241 (E-3, 3')

Matrix:

Soil

Date Analyzed	Results	Units	MDL	DLR	Analyst
08/21/97	14600	mg/kg	30	300	IG

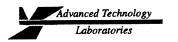
MDL = Method Detection Limit
ND = Not Detected (Below DLR)
DF = Dilution Factor (DLR/MDL)

Reviewed/Approved By:_

Cheryl delor Cheryl de los Reyes

Department Supervisor

Date: 8/22/97



Spike Recovery and RPD Summary Report

EPA 9060 Method:

<u>១</u> Analyst:

7233-15 Data File

Date Analyzed 08/21/97

Sample ID: 19697-004 Matrix: Solid

MDL	30											
RPD Limit	20		Andread and the secon									
RPD	13											
% REC Limit	50-150		The second secon						and the second s	Terrettim tallim transcanding consequences of the confidence of th		
"MSD REC	111											
"MS REC	126											
MSD RESULT	11000				•							
MS RESULT	11600											
SPK ADDED	4000											
% Dev	N/A											
SPL DUP	N/A											
SPL CONC	6580											
ANALYTE UNITS LCS Conc LCS Res % Rec METH BLANK SPL CONC SPL DUP % Dev SPK ADDED MS RESULT MSD RESULT %MS REC MMSD REC % REC Limit RPD	QN				•							
% Rec	66											
LCS Res	1970											
LCS Conc	2000											
UNITS	mg/kg											
ANALYTE	TOC											

Approved by: Chumbled Cheryl De Los Reyes Inorganics Supervisor

Advanced Technology Laboratories

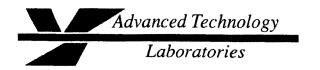
Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

525 Del Rey Avenue, Suite E • Sunnyvale, CA 94086 • (408) 735-1550 • Fax (408) 735-1554

Subcontract Chain of Custody

30A7

Subcontract Lab:	Date Sent: 4-97	Project Name:	Due Date: 4 - 27-97
Sample ID and Source Matri	x Required Analysis	Date Taken Time Take	n Containers Pres?
DIZZ33 (DI-Z,3') 60	1) TOC		
D12234 (C1-3,34)			
DIZZ33 (DI-Z,3') 50 DIZZ34 (CI-3,34') DIZZ35 (AI3-Z,Z2') DIZZ41 (E-3,3')			
DIZZ4 (E-3,31)	11/		
Relinquished By:	Received By:		ate: Tirue: 4PM
Relinquished By:	Received By:		ate: Time:
(al Our	Dane	L COMO DO L	8-19-97 11:00
Relinquished By:	Received By:	D	ate: Time:
Notes:			
	-		_



August 22, 1997

ELAP No.: 1838

Entech Analytical Labs, Inc. 525 Del Rey Avenue, Suite E Sunnyvale, CA 94086

ATTN:

Mr. Mike Golden

Client's Project:

SC Police HQ

Lab No.:

19658-001

Gentlemen:

Enclosed are the results for sample(s) received by Advanced Technology Laboratories and tested for the parameters indicated in the enclosed chain of custody.

Thank you for the opportunity to service the needs of your company. Please feel free to call me at (562) 989 - 4045 if I can be of further assistance to your company.

Sincerely,

Edgar P. Caballero Laboratory Director

EPC/ms

Enclosures

This cover letter is an integral part of this analytical report.

If for

This report pertains only to the samples investigated and does not necessarily apply to other apparently identical or similar materials. This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the client to whom it is addressed. Any reproduction of this report or use of this Laboratory's name for advertising or publicity purpose without authorization is prohibited.

Client: Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

Attn: Mr. Mike Golden

Client's Project: SC Police HQ Date Received: 08/16/97 Date Sampled: 08/01/97 Sample Matrix: Soil

ANALYSIS: CCR Title 22 (96-h Fathead Minnow Hazardous Waste Screening Bioassay)

Lab No.	Sample I.D	Date Analyzed	Results	Analysts
19658-001	D12226	08/18/97 - 08/22/97	PASSED (LC50 > 750 mg/L; 100 % survival in 750 mg/L)	DFC/MCC

Reviewed/Approved By: DFTEMENO Date: 08/22/97

Maria Dulce F. Centeno, Ph.D. Department Supervisor

> Beverly Tanaka QA/QC Officer

The cover letter is an integral part of this analytical report.

Attached are the test data generated from the analysis of your sample.

FATHEAD MINNOW ACUTE TOXICITY TEST

CLIENTS PROJECT: SC POLICE HO

lazardous work Screning Blassay

BIOASSAY TYPE: Statio-Non-Renewal

OA FILE NO.:

Date sampled: 08/01/97

DATE RECEIVED: 08/02/97 DATE REPORTED: 08/02/97

METHOD NO. TIEST PROTOCOL: CICR TI'HE 22

OLIENT. Entech analytical Labs, The ATTH THE MIKE GOLDIN

SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONMATRIX D12026 /SO]

TEST ORGANISM: PLINEDIABLE DOZINGED DATE FISH RECEIVED: 06/27/97 SOURCE: 06/27/97 ACCLIMATION: 57 days at 20 · C FISH DENSITY: 10 pc/ Chaimber/Bardin No TO970627-601

INCUBATION TEMPERATURE 20 4- 2 C

PHOTOPERIOD: 16L/8D

DILUTION WATER:

source: Synthetic/Reconstituted

Type: EPA SOIT Wilded
Hardness: Initial (Control): 4 Final (Control): 4 Inal (Highest Concentration): -

SAMPLE PRE-TREATMENT: MCCharifed Mixing & Overnight

Alkalinity: Initial (Control): 31

Average Length (mm): $\frac{20}{0.43}$ Minimum (mm): $\frac{28}{0.39}$ Maximum (g): $\frac{6.34}{0.46}$ Moximum (g): $\frac{6.46}{0.46}$

TEST ORGANISMS CHARACTERISTICS:

Avialinty: Initial (Highest Cono.): 32 Final (Highest Concentration)

AERATION: GUITE BUBING.

		-			10.00		1									
EXPOSURE PERIOD	CONDITIONS	S	Control	\$	716	400 MBIL 750 MBIL	ng)	•	1	•	1	•				Date/Time/Analyst
		-	7	-	7	-	2	-	,					,		
	Temp. (* C)	20,0	20,0 20,0 20,0 20,0 20,0	20.0	0.0%	30.0	30,0				4		1	1	250	49/18/07
NTAL	þH	7.62	7.60 B.47 B.48 8.64 8.65	8,47	848	8.64	8,65							1		16, 15 dm
	DO (mg/L)	8.15	8.18	8,38	8,40	8,23	19'8						V			270
	Temp (* C)	20,1	20,1 20,1 20,1 20,1 20,1	201	20,1	20, [20,1					X				
24 hr	pí4	7.63	7,59 8.40 8,42 8,60 8,63	8:40	8,42	860	8,63				1					66/61/80
	DO (mg/L)	8,21	8,22 840 8,36 8,33 8,60	840	8.36	8,33	8,60									(b:30 any
	# doad	0	0	0	0	0	0									DFC
	% mortality	8		. <u>`</u>		Š,										
							-	-	_			_	-			

Date/Time/Analyst los consul 08/21/47 10,30 any 11: earm 08/2019F 08/22/97 070 7 570 TRUDSE 1996 8,59 20,1 20,2 20,2 20,2 20,2 7,69 7,58 7,90 7,93 8,01 7,96 83 8.62 8.71 8.68 8.63 8.53 20.2 20,2 20,2 20,2 20.1 0 0 0 % 8.49 8.36 8.54 8.78 8.71 8.65 89 0, 7.86 7.85 0 00 0 Hibw Oat 8,43 20.1 = & 0 ଠ 158 7.54 12.7 20,0 8.28 |8.32 |8.56 7.66 8.15 Ð 99 0 Ġ. 0 20,2 707 8-30 8.51 0 Control 0 ٥ Ó 201 14.6 6 6 Ø ٥ 6 CONDITIONS emp (C) (C) dune % mortality DO (mg/L) DO (mg/L) % mortality emp (C) O (mg/L) % mortality dead * dead # dead EXPOSURE PERIOD 48 hr 72 hr 96 hr

RESULTS:

CONTROL MORTALITY: SCREENING TEST: PASSED (LC50 greater than 750 mg/Liess than 40% mortality in 750 mg/L)

FAILED (greater than or equal to 40% mortality in 750 mg/L, DEFINITIVE TEST RECOMMENDED)

_ FAILED (greater than or equal to 60 % mortality in 400 mg/L, DEFINITIVE TEST RECOMMENDED)

96-hr LC50: NR mg/L DEFINITIVE TEST:

5 95% Confidence limits:__

퍨 Z Method of Calculation: Oresters Raviewed/Approved By.

Maria Dulce F. Centeno, Ph.D. Department Supervisor

COMMENTS. alkalinity Hardness performed by mechanic.

Advanced Technology

Subcontract Chain of Custody

Subcontract Lab:		Date Sent:	Project Name:	~ IIO	Due Date:	
₁ ATL		8/15/97	SC Poli	ce HQ_	8/22/97	
Sample ID and Source	Matrix	Required Analysis	Date Taken	Time Taken	Containers	Pres
D12226	Soil	CAM Bioassy	8/1/97		1 x 4 oz. Jar	
1						
1						
1						***************************************
					1	

Relinquished By: Kelley Lofts	Received By: Via Californ	ia Overnight	Date: 8/5/97	Time: 5:35
Relinquished By	Received By: S Lalie	Keetasis	Date: 8/16/97	Time: 12:20
Relinquished By:	Received By:		Date:	Time:

CITAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD LOWNEYASSOCIATES

SEND RESULTS TO THE MONHISHS VICTOR Office

Tenylenstates HALD Hord PN Palis 7 6/K/13 Mary > 7 Jimes A ક Ä Thur: ANALYSIS REQUESTIES ١ 7 7. Unici 6/1/9 () Mer ž 405 Clyida Ave Mannisha Vlew, Ca 94043 415-967-2365 FAX COPY, 20 415-967-2785 (IAX) 7 ge Breeferd by Lake 1sh Of Hecmels Deceived 11y: Received Dy: [] 2-3 Hours (H11911) *** [] to Working days 5:30 CAMP. Thrascount Requirements: M 5 Working days 1 3 Weeking days [] (8 Closes [] 24 Hours) Pose: 100 Sample March 1,05 114c: 8/01/92 ☐ Level 11 0/एउट एउ 0/उट एउ 22210 ourse DINIT reala praid 144 I.D. harlo DIVING 95W10 BUNIO 2010 STRIO Ac Closkex) MC: 1244 Dierelc 60 A 8 77/4 This [] tevel [] 8/01/17 Date 100 MILEVEL A (Manyland) Sampler (signature): 3C ない (X. Perjulaments: McHaputalent Hy: Sampler (palmt): Helbupukbreif Dy: Reftrupribliced By. Froject Name: Sountle 1.17. Heroort To: A13-L 48-1+5 2-17 7-18 Set Na.: 199 1-20 1-13 1-3 -50 7-10 2-3 7:10 1-3

LOWNEYASSOCIATES CIMIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

Jalla Acuta 1ks Trumperature: यता ५ 10-May T'Al boldal: 80 Tiene; Ther. ANALYSIS REQUESTRE > Dales & 3 Herrived fly Late tabes of Hecrosch Received liy: Beceived the [] 2-3 Horne (M11541) 10 Working days No. of Cast. 7.30 Transformal Requirements: M S Working days 1 3 Working days [] 48 i lonne C) 24 i bount 134c: 8/01/87 1611c: : Nate: 1 Atony ric Alatria 50,1 Elevel Clevell optelo 982510 01336 012237 28cc/0 14celo Thecla hereid 146 1.17. 565610 DUN Z 012238 thacla 18010 **1**80 - N 31710 [] tevel [] 8/04/97 Date Kikvel A (standard) Sampler (algnature): 77. */-1)C Regisfrencing: Sampler (julie). fielbaguished life Relimposited ily Kelbuqubbed by Project Name: Sample (1). A13-2 Icport To. 18-2 1-678 1-14 2-17 1.01 E-3 7-2 ob Na.: 2-CF 1-27 1-11P 1-90 270

Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

CA ELAP# 2224

525 Del Rey Avenue, Suite E • Sunnyvale, CA 94086 • (408) 735-1550 • Fax (408) 735-1554

Attn: Tom McCloskey Lowney Associates 405 Clyde Avenue Mountain View, CA 94043

Date:	8/25/97
Date Received:	8/1/97
Date Analyzed:	8/22/97
Project Name:	SC Police HQ
Job No.:	181-8A
Sampled By:	Client

Certified Analytical Report

Soil Sample Analysis:

Sample ID	Sample Date	Sample Time	Lab#	Phenols
D2-1, 2'	8/1/97		D12222	ND
C1-2, 1'	8/1/97		D12227	ND

1. DLR=DF x PQL (DF=1 unless noted)

2. Analysis performed by WEST Laboratory (CAELAP #1346); see WEST report for analysis details

Test Methods:

Test	EPA Method#	Units	PQL
Phenols	8270	mg/kg	See Report

Michael N. Golden, Lab Director

DF=Dilution Factor
DLR=Detection Reporting Limit

PQL=Practical Quantitation Limit
ND=None Detected at or above DLR

jorney assoc.

AUG 27, 1997

Attn: Tom McCloskey Lowney Associates 405 Clyde Avenue Mountain View, CA 94043

Date:	8/25/97
Date Received:	8/1/97
Date Analyzed:	8/20-8/21/97
Project Name:	SC Police HQ
Job No.:	181-8A
Sampled By:	Client

Certified Analytical Report

Soil Sample Analysis:

Test	A13-1, 1 1/4'	E-1, 1½'	Units	PQL	EPA Method #
Sample Matrix	Soil	Soil			
Sample Date	8/1/97	8/1/97			
Sample Time					
Lab#	D12226	D12228			
рH	7.75	8.40	Units		9045
Sulfide	ND	ND	mg/kg	0.5 mg/kg	9030
Cyanide	ND	ND	mg/kg	0.5 mg/kg	9010
Flash Point	150	152	°F		1010

- 1. DLR=DF x PQL (DF=1 unless noted)
- 2. Reactivity and Ignitability analyses performed by Advanced Technology Labs (CAELAP #1838); see attached reports for analysis details.
- 3. Corrosivity analysis performed by Entech Analytical Labs, Inc. (CAELAP #2224)

Michael N. Golden, Lab Director

DF=Dilution Factor
DLR=Detection Reporting Limit

PQL=Practical Quantitation Limit ND=None Detected at or above DLR

Attn: Tom McCloskey Lowney Associates 405 Clyde Avenue Mountain View, CA 94043

Date:	8/25/97
Date Received:	8/1/97
Date Analyzed:	8/15-8/19/97
Project Name:	SC Police HQ
Job No.:	181-8A
Sampled By:	Client

Certified Analytical Report

Soil Sample Analysis:

Sample ID	Sample Date	Sample Time	Lab#	CAM Bioassay
E-1, 1½'	8/1/97		D12228	Passed

Analysis performed by Advanced Technology Laboratories (CAELAP #1838); see ATL report for analysis details

Michael N. Golden, Lab Director

Attn: Tom McCloskey Lowney Associates 405 Clyde Avenue Mountain View, CA 94043

Date:	8/25/97
Date Received:	8/1/97
Date Analyzed:	8/15-8/22/97
Project Name:	SC Police HQ
Job No.:	181-8A
Sampled By:	Client

Certified Analytical Report

Soil Sample Analysis:

Sample ID	Sample Date	Sample Time	Lab#	Volatile Organics	Semivolatile Organics
E-1, 1½'	8/1/97		D12228	ND	43.34

- 1. DLR=DF x PQL (DF=1 unless noted)
- 2. See EPA 8240 Analysis Worksheet for individual compounds, detection limits, and analysis date
- 3. EPA 8270 analysis performed by WEST Laboratory (CAELAP #1346); see WEST report for Individual compounds, detection limits, and analysis date
- 4. Remaining analysis performed by Entech Analytical Labs, Inc. (CAELAP #2224)

Test Methods:

Test	EPA Method#	Units	PQL
Volatile Organics	8240	μg/kg	See Worksheet
Semivolatile Organics	8270	mg/kg	See Report

Michael N. Golden, Lab Director

DF=Dilution Factor
DLR=Detection Reporting Limit

PQL=Practical Quantitation Limit ND=None Detected at or above DLR

Certified Analytical Report: EPA Method 8240

Client:	Lowney Associates
Sample Matrix:	Soil
Lab #:	D12228
Sample ID:	E-1, 1½'

Date:	8/25/97
Date Received:	8/1/97
Date Analyzed	8/15/97
Dilution Factor	1

Constituent	Concentration	Units	PQL	Constituent	Concentration		PQL
Chloromethane	ND	μg/kg	5.0	Trichloroethene	ND	μg/kg	5.0
Bromomethane	ND	μg/kg	5.0	Benzene	ND	μg/kg	5.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	μg/kg	5.0	Chlorodibromomethane	ND	μg/kg	5.0
Vinyl Chloride	ND	μg/kg	5.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	μg/kg	5.0
Chloroethane	ND	μg/kg	5.0	Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	μg/kg	5.0
Iodomethane	ND	μg/kg	10	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND	μg/kg	20
Methylene Chloride	ND	μg/kg	5.0	Bromoform	ND	μg/kg	5.0
Acetone	ND	μg/kg	50	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	μg/kg	5.0
Carbon Disulfide	ND	μg/kg	5.0	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (MIBK)	ND	μg/kg	50
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	μg/kg	5.0	2-Hexanone	ND	μg/kg	50
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	μg/kg	5.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	μg/kg	5.0
Allyl Chloride	ND	μg/kg		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		μg/kg	5.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	μg/kg		Tetrachloroethene	ND	μg/kg	5.0
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	μg/kg	5.0	Toluene		μg/kg	5.0
Chloroform	ND	μg/kg	5.0	Chlorobenzene	ND	μg/kg	5.0
2-Butanone (MEK)	ND	μg/kg	50	Ethylbenzene	ND	μg/kg	5.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	μg/kg	5.0	1,2-Dibromo 3-Chloropropane	ND	μg/kg	20
Dibromomethane	ND	μg/kg	5.0	Benzyl Chloride	ND	μg/kg	50
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	μg/kg	5.0	Styrene	ND	μg/kg	5.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	μg/kg		Xylenes	ND	μg/kg	10
Vinyl Acetate	ND	μg/kg		1,3-Dichlorobenzene		μg/kg	5.0
Bromodichloromethane		μg/kg		1,2-Dichlorobenzene		μg/kg	5.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	μg/kg		1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	μg/kg	5.0
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	μg/kg	5.0				

Surrogate	Recovery (%)
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	101
Toluene-d8	96
4-Bromofluorobenzene	95

DLR=PQL x DF

2. Analysis performed by Entech Analytical Labs, Inc. (CA ELAP #2224)

3. This worksheet is an integral part of the Certified Analytical Report for Lab #D12228 and should not be reproduced except in full without the written consent of Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

Michael N. Golden, Lab Director

DF=Dilution Factor
DLR=Detection Reporting Limit

PQL=Practical Quantitation Limit ND=None Detected at or above DLR

Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

QUALITY CONTROL RESULTS SUMMARY

Volatile Organic Compounds

QC Batch #: 8240S970814

Date analyzed:

08/14/97

Matrix: Solid

Spiked Sample: Blank Spike

Units: µg/Kg

PARAMETER	Method #	SA μg/Kg	SR µg/Kg	SP μg/Kg	SP %R	SPD µg/Kg	SPD %R	RPD	QC RPD	LIMITS %R
11,1-Dichloroethene	i 8240	300	ND	276	92%	278	93%	0.8	25	70-130
Benzene	8240	300	ND	253	84%	242	81%	4.6	25	70-130
Trichloroethene	8240	300	ND	286	95%	268	89%	6.4	25	70-130
IToluene	8240	300	ND	256	85%	266	89%	4.0	25	70-130
Chlorobenzene	8240	300	ND	271	90%	265	88%	2.2	25	70-130
1				i i		! ! ! !	 	 	 -	

Definition of Terms:

na: Not Analyzed in QC batch

SA: Spike Added SR: Sample Result

RPD(%): Duplicate Analysis - Relative Percent Difference

SP: Spike Result

SP (%R): Spike % Recovery

SPD: Spike Duplicate Result

SPD (%R): Spike Duplicate % Recovery

NC: Not Calculated

Method Blank Report: EPA Method 8240

Date: 08/14/97 Sample Matrix: Soil

QC Batch #: 8240S970814 Sample ID: 8240S970814MB

Constituent	Concentration	Units	DLR	Constituent	Concentration	Units	DLR
Chloromethane	ND	mg/kg	5.0	Trichloroethene		mg/kg	5.0
Bromomethane	ND	mg/kg	5.0	Benzene		mg/kg	5.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	mg/kg	5.0	Chlorodibromomethane		mg/kg	5.0
Vinyl Chloride	ND	mg/kg	5.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		mg/kg	5.0
Chloroethane	ND	mg/kg	5.0	Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		mg/kg	5.0
Iodomethane	ND	mg/kg	10	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)		mg/kg	20
Methylene Chloride	ND	mg/kg	5.0	Bromoform		mg/kg	5.0
Acetone	ND	mg/kg	50	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	mg/kg	5.0
Carbon Disulfide	ND	mg/kg	5.0	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (MIBK)	ND	mg/kg	50
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	mg/kg	5.0	2-Hexanone	ND	mg/kg	50
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	mg/kg		1,2,3-Trichloropropane		mg/kg	5.0
Allyl Chloride	ND	mg/kg	50	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		mg/kg	5.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	mg/kg	5.0	Tetrachloroethene	ND	mg/kg	5.0
Trans-1.2-Dichloroethene	ND	mg/kg	5.0	Toluene		mg/kg	5.0
Chloroform	ND	mg/kg	5.0	Chlorobenzene	ND	mg/kg	5.0
2-Butanone (MEK)	ND	mg/kg	50	Ethylbenzene	ND	mg/kg	5.0
1,2-Dichloroethane		mg/kg	5.0	1,2-Dibromo 3-Chloropropane	ND	mg/kg	20
Dibromomethane		mg/kg	5.0	Benzyl Chloride	ND	mg/kg	50
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		mg/kg	5.0	Styrene	ND	mg/kg	5.0
Carbon Tetrachloride		mg/kg	5.0	Xylenes	ND	mg/kg	10
Vinyl Acetate		mg/kg	10	1,3-Dichlorobenzene		mg/kg	5.0
Bromodichloromethane		mg/kg	5.0	1.2-Dichlorobenzene		mg/kg	5.0
1,2-Dichloropropane		mg/kg	5.0	1.4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	mg/kg	5.0
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	mg/kg	5.0				

Surrogate	Recovery (%)
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	115
Toluene-d8	94
4-Bromofluorobenzene	97



Mike Golden Entech Analytical Labs, Inc. 525 Del Rey Avenue, Suite E Sunnyvale, CA 94086

Subject:

3 Soil samples

Project Name :

S C Police HQ

Project Number:

Dear Mr. Golden,

Chemical analysis on the samples referenced above has been completed. Summaries of the data are contained on the following pages. Sample(s) were received under documented chain-of-custody. USEPA protocols for sample storage and preservation were followed.

WEST Laboratory is certified by the State of California (# 1346). If you have any questions regarding procedures or results, please call me at 916-757-0912.

Sincerely,

Stewart Podolsky



Phenois

Sample Name : D12227(C1-2,1')

Project Name

: S C Police HQ

Project Number :

: 08/01/97

Sample Date Date Prepared

: 08/15/97

Prep. Method

: EPA 3550

Date Analyzed

: 08/22/97

Analysis Method : EPA 8270

Date Received

: 08/15/97

Dilution

: 1:1

Sample Matrix

: Soil

Lab Number

: 17167-02

Parameter	MRL	Measured Conc.	Units
Phenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2-Chlorophenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2-Nitrophenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2,4-Dimethylphenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2,4-Dichlorophenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2,4-Dinitrophenol	2.0	<2.0	mg/Kg
4-Nitrophenol	2.0	<2.0	mg/Kg
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	2.0	<2.0	mg/Kg
Pentachlorophenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2-Fluorophenol		64	% Recovery
Phenol-d5		66	% Recovery
2,4,6-Tribromophenol		83	% Recovery

MRL = Method Reporting Limit

Conc. = Concentration

E = Concentration exceeded calibration range.

Approved By:

John Medina



Phenois

Sample Name : D12222(D2-1,2')

Project Name : S C Police HQ

Project Number :

Sample Date : 08/01/97 : 08/15/97

Date Prepared Prep. Method

: EPA 3550

Date Analyzed

: 08/22/97

Analysis Method : EPA 8270 Date Received

: 08/15/97

Dilution

: 1:1

Sample Matrix

: Soil

Lab Number

: 17167-03

Parameter	MRL	Measured Conc.	Units
Phenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2-Chlorophenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2-Nitrophenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2,4-Dimethylphenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2,4-Dichlorophenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2,4-Dinitrophenol	2.0	<2.0	mg/Kg
4-Nitrophenol	2.0	<2.0	mg/Kg
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	2.0	<2.0	mg/Kg
Pentachlorophenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2-Fluorophenol		60	% Recovery
Phenol-d5		63	% Recovery
2,4,6-Tribromophenol		79	% Recovery

MRL = Method Reporting Limit

Conc. = Concentration

E = Concentration exceeded calibration range.

Approved By:



EPA 8270

Sample Name : D12228(E-1,1.5')

Project Name : S C Police HQ

Project Number :

: 08/01/97

Sample Date Date Prepared

: 08/15/97

Prep. Method

: EPA 3550

Date Analyzed

: 08/22/97

Analysis Method : EPA 8270 Date Received

: 08/15/97

Dilution

: 1:1

Sample Matrix

: Soil

Lab Number

: 17167-01

Parameter	MRL	Measured Conc.	Units
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
Phenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
Aniline	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2-Chlorophenol	0.67	< 0.67	mg/Kg
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
Benzyl Alcohol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2-Methylphenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
4-Methylphenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
Hexachloroethane	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
Nitrobenzene	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
Isophorone	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2-Nitrophenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2,4-Dimethylphenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2,4-Dichlorophenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
Benzoic Acid	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
Naphthalene	0.67	2.4	mg/Kg
4-Chloroaniline	1.3	<1.3	mg/Kg
Hexachlorobutadiene	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	1.3	<1.3	mg/Kg
2-Methylnaphthalene	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2-Chloronaphthalene	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2-Nitroaniline	3.3	<3.3	mg/Kg
Dimethylphthalate	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg

MRL = Method Reporting Limit

Conc. = Concentration

Approved By:

E = Concentration exceeded calibration range.



EPA 8270

Sample Name : D12228(E-1,1.5')

Project Name

: S C Police HQ

Project Number :

: 08/01/97

Sample Date Date Prepared

: 08/15/97

Prep. Method

: EPA 3550

Date Analyzed

: 08/22/97

Analysis Method : EPA 8270 Date Received

Dilution

: 08/15/97

: 1:1 : Soil

Sample Matrix

Lab Number

: 17167-01

Davamatar	MRL	Measured Conc.	Units
Parameter 2,6-Dinitrotoluene	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
Acenaphthylene	0.67	0.94	mg/Kg
3-Nitroaniline	3.3	<3.3	mg/Kg
Acenaphthene	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2,4-Dinitrophenol	3.3	<3.3	mg/Kg
4-Nitrophenol	3.3	<3.3	mg/Kg
Dibenzofuran	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
Diethylphthalate	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
Fluorene	0.67	0.70	mg/Kg
4-Nitroaniline	3.3	<3.3	mg/Kg
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	3.3	<3.3	mg/Kg
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
Azobenzene	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
4-bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
Hexachlorobenzene	3.3	<3.3	mg/Kg
Pentachiorophenol			mg/Kg
Phenanthrene	0.67	7.2	
Anthracene	0.67	1.1 <0.67	mg/Kg
Di-n-butylphthalate	0.67		mg/Kg ma/Ka
Fluoranthene	0.67 1.3	5.6 <1.3	mg/Kg
Benzidine		<1.3 5.5	mg/Kg
Pyrene	0.67		mg/Kg
Butylbenzylphthalate	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.67	2.4	mg/Kg
3-3'-Dichlorobenzidine	1.3	<1.3	mg/Kg
Chrysene	0.67	2.8	mg/Kg
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
Di-n-octylphthalate	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.67	3.1	mg/Kg
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.67	0.70	mg/Kg
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.67	2.8	mg/Kg

MRL = Method Reporting Limit

Conc. = Concentration

Approved By:

E = Concentration exceeded calibration range.



EPA 8270

Sample Name : D12228(E-1,1.5')

Project Name : S C Police HQ

Project Number :

Sample Date : 08/01/97

Date Prepared

: 08/15/97

Prep. Method

: EPA 3550

Date Analyzed

: 08/22/97

Analysis Method Date Received

: EPA 8270 : 08/15/97

Dilution

Sample Matrix

: 1:1

Lab Number

: Soil

: 17167-01

Parameter	MRL	Measured Conc.	Units
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	0.67	3.3	mg/Kg
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.67	<0.67	mg/Kg
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	0.67	4.8	mg/Kg
2-Fluorophenol		66	% Recovery
Phenol-d5		73	% Recovery
Nitrobenzene-d5		73	% Recovery
2-Fluorobiphenyl		84	% Recovery
2,4,6-Tribromophenol		82	% Recovery
Terphenyl-d14		79	% Recovery

MRL = Method Reporting Limit

Conc. = Concentration

E = Concentration exceeded calibration range.

Approved By:

Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

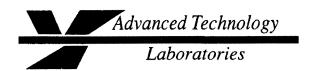
525	Del Re	y Avenue,	Suite E •	Sunnyvale,	CA 94086	• (408) 735-	1550 •	Fax (408)	735-1554
		•		•					-

Subcontract Chain of Custody

				10.00		
Subcontract Lab:	Date Sent	Project Name:	· NA	Due Date:		
Mes.	8 14 197	SCBI	cce HCV		1-97	
Sample ID and Source Matrix	Required Analysis	Date Taken	Time Taken	Contair		Pres?
D12228(E-112)40.1	15.25 GC-100	7-4-1-97		4024	JMG-	
DIZZZ7 (Ci-2,1')	Phenoks by 82%	1 1				
DIZZZZ (02-1,21) U	Phenoks by 82 K	b V				
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Notes: EXMACT	ASAP!	SAW	sles e	XD: LE	?5	
	567					
8-1	77/					



August 25, 1997

ELAP No.: 1838

Entech Analytical Labs, Inc. 525 Del Rey Avenue, Suite E Sunnyvale, CA 94086

ATTN:

Mr. Mike Golden

Client's Project:

SC Police HQ

Lab No.:

19628-001/002

Gentlemen:

Enclosed are the results for sample(s) received by Advanced Technology Laboratories and tested for the parameters indicated in the enclosed chain of custody.

Thank you for the opportunity to service the needs of your company. Please feel free to call me at (562) 989 - 4045 if I can be of further assistance to your company.

Sincerely,

Edgar P. Caballero Laboratory Director

mily to

EPC/mc

Enclosures

This cover letter is an integral part of this analytical report.

This report pertains only to the samples investigated and does not necessarily apply to other apparently identical or similar materials. This report is submitted for the exclusive use of the client to whom it is addressed. Any reproduction of this report or use of this Laboratory's name for advertising or publicity purpose without authorization is prohibited.

Entech

Attn:

Mr. Mike Golden

Client's Project:

SC Police HQ

Date Received: **Date Sampled:**

08/15/97

08/01/97

Lab No:

19628-001

Sample ID: D12226

Matrix:

Soil

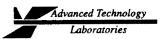
Date Analyzed	Results	Units	MDL	DLR	Analyst
08/21/97	ND	mg/kg	0.50	0.50	IG
08/21/97	ND	mg/kg	0.5	0.5	AK
08/21/97	150	deg F		***	OL
		<u> </u>			
	08/21/97 08/21/97	08/21/97 ND 08/21/97 ND	08/21/97 ND mg/kg 08/21/97 ND mg/kg	08/21/97 ND mg/kg 0.50 08/21/97 ND mg/kg 0.5	08/21/97 ND mg/kg 0.50 0.50 08/21/97 ND mg/kg 0.5 0.5

MDL = Method Detection Limit ND = Not Detected (Below DLR) DF = Dilution Factor (DLR/MDL)

Reviewed/Approved By:

Cheryl de los Reyes

Department Supervisor



Entech

Attn:

Mr. Mike Golden

Client's Project:

SC Police HQ

Date Received: Date Sampled:

08/15/97

08/01/97

Lab No: 19628-002 **Sample ID:** D12228

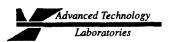
Matrix: Soil

Analysis	Date Analyzed	Results	Units	MDL	DLR	Analyst
EPA 9010 (Reactive Cyanide)	08/21/97	ND	mg/kg	0.50	0.50	IG
EPA 9030 (Reactive Sulfide)	08/21/97	ND	mg/kg	0.5	0.5	AK
EPA 1010 (Flashpoint)	08/21/97	152	deg F			OL
EPA 9045 (pH)	08/21/97	8.40	pH units	*******		DG
		-				

MDL = Method Detection Limit
ND = Not Detected (Below DLR)
DF = Dilution Factor (DLR/MDL)

Reviewed/Approved By:_

Cheryl de los Reyes Department Supervisor Date: \$-25-97



Spike Recovery and RPD Summary Report

9030 Method:

Ā Analyst:

Data File:

7242-15

18-21-97 BLANK Date:

Sample ID:

SOIL Matrix:

		 	 	,		 		 		
DLR	0.50									
RPD Limit	20									
RPD	2									
REC Limit	70 - 120									
%MSD REC	89									
"MS REC	91									
SPK ADDED MS RESULT MSD RESULT	0.89				-					
MS RESULT	0.90									
SPK ADDED	1.0									
SPL CONC	QN									
METH BLANK	QN			And the state of t					erakeren kanada majaran paga paga kanada maga paga kanada maga paga kanada maga paga paga paga paga paga paga p	
% Rec	110									
UNITS LCS Con LCS Res	1.10									
CS Con	1.0								***************************************	
UNITS	MG/KG									
ANALYTE	SULFIDE									

Approved by:

Cheryl De Los Reyes
Inorganics Supervisor

Advanced Technology
Laboratories

Spike Recovery and RPD Summary Report

9010 Method:

Analyst:

Data File:

7233-15

08/21/97 Date:

Blank Sample ID:

Solid Matrix:

		.	~~~		 		 	 	 	 			
Ğ	0.50												
RPD Limit	50												
RPD	4						NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.						
% REC Limit	50 - 150									The state of the s			
"MSD REC	100												
%MS REC	96												
MS RESULT MSD RESULT "MS REC "MSD REC "REC Limit	10								The Control of the Co				
MS RESULT	9.6					The second secon							
SPK ADDED	10												
SPL CONC	QN										TOTAL TOTAL		
METH BLANK	Q	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e				The state of the s		 - Little Andrews					
% Rec	100												
LCS Res	10		-										
LCS Conc	10												
UNITS	mg/kg												
ANALYTE UNITS LCS Conc LCS Res	Cyanide									÷.			

Date:

Approved by:

Cheryl De Los Reyes
Inorganics Supervisor

Advanced Technology
Laboratories

Client: Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

Attn: Mr. Mike Golden

Client's Project: SC Police HQ Date Received: 08/15/97 Date Sampled: 08/01/97 Sample Matrix: Soil

ANALYSIS: CCR Title 22 (96-h Fathead Minnow Hazardous Waste Screening Bioassay)

Lab No.	Sample I.D	Date Analyzed	Results	Analysts
19628-002	D12228 (E-1, 1 1/2')	08/15/97 - 08/19/97	PASSED (LC50 > 750 mg/L; 100 % survival in 750 mg/L)	DFC/MCC

Reviewed/Approved By: _	DEZenteno	Date:	08/19
Mericuca/Approved Dy.			

Maria Dulce F. Centeno, Ph.D. Department Supervisor

Reviewed/Approved By: Date: 8-25-97

Beverly Tanaka QA/QC Officer

The cover letter is an integral part of this analytical report.

Attached are the test data generated from the analysis of your sample.

FATHEAD MINNOW ACUTE TOXICITY TEST

CLIENTS PROJECT: SC POLICE HO.

48/45/87

DATE RECEIVED:

Hazardous water Screening Bioassuy

BIOASSAY TYPE: Static-Non-Renewal

Definitive

C Screening OA FILE NO.:

Date scampled: 08/01/197

DATE REPORTED: 08 /19/97

METHOD NOTIEST PROTOCOL COR TIME 22

CLIENT: Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONANATRIX: D1228 (E-1 ,1/2 ') | 361

TEST ORGANISM: Einschales romeiles
SOURCE CAQUATIC RESTURGE DATE FISH RECEIVED. BOIZTIGT
ACCUMATION: 49 days at 20 °C FISH DENSITY: 10 per Chantle

INCUBATION TEMPERATURE: 20*+/- 2* C

Average Weight (g): 014 Minimum (g): 0136 Maximum (g): 0145

Minimum (mm): 27_Maximum (mm): 32

TEST ORGANISMS CHARACTERISTICS:

Average Length (mm): 36

PHOTOPERIOD: 16L/8D

DILUTION WATER:
Source: Supplied Reconstituted

Type: EPA SOFT Willer

Hardness: Initial (Control): 41 Final (Control): 43

Initial (Highest Conc.): 43 Final (Highest Concentration): 43

SAMPLE PRE-TREATMENT: MECHANICAL MIXING = 6 hours

TEST DATA:

Alkalinty. Initial (Control): 3/ Final (Control): 3/ Initial (Highest Conc.): 3/ Final (Highest Concentration):

AERATION GENTLE BUBTLUY

EXPOSURE PERSON	CONDITIONS	Š	Control	40(400 mg/L 750 mg/L	750	7180						١		Date/Time/Analyst
		-	2	-	2	-	2	1	2	2	-	2	1	2	
	Temp. (* C)	21.0	210	21.0	21.0 21.0 21.0 21.0 21.0	21.0	8/1.0						\	F C	8/15/97
INITIAL	Hd	7.76		8.13	7.72 8.13 8.12 8.14 8.15	8.14	8,15								19.30pm
	DO (mg/L)	8,05	7.90	7.81	7.90 7.81 7.90 7.32 7.15	7.32	3,15								DFC Imac
	Temp (* C)	20.5		20,5	20,5 20,5 20,5 20,5 20,5	20,5	20,5								11/2/18
24 hr	F)d	7,68	7.65	7,82	7.65 7.82 7.80 7.78 7.84	-18£'£	1.84								#110110
	DO (mg/L)	8,00	8,05	8,01	8,05 8,01 8,05 8,10 8,15	8, to	8.15								3 5
	# dead	0	0	٥	Ó	0	0	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \							<u>z</u>
	% mortality	, , ,			·	S;	},								

olialaz Gospm Date/Time/Analyst 4:40 pm 8/18/97 Simpin 8/17/97 50 DFC STC STC \prod 1550 7,54 7,56 7,38 7.44 7,38 7.40 8,21 8.14 8,16 8,26 8,30 20,0 20,0 20,0 20,0 20,0 20,0 20,0 20,2 20,2 05'E | Hh'E 8.13 8,20 8,26 8.18 |8.20 7.58 7,56 7.46 7.45 7.48 7.56 20.1 | 20,2 | 20,3 | 20.3 | 20,3 | 20.3 O 6 60 *`*} 0 Q in mall 7,58 7,41 7,42 8.09 8.11 20.7 20,2 6/3 6 = 8 0 O 8.15 202 ∞ ∞ 0 0 Control 8,22 756 20,0 8-20 3 Ś 0 00 0 CONDITIONS (C) dwa % mortality [emp (C) OO (mg/L) % mortality emp (C) % mortality (mg/L) O (mg/L) dead dead dead EXPOSURE PERIOD 72 hr ₩ 14 86 14 48 hr

RESULTS:

CONTROL MORTALITY: 0'/.

PASSED (LC50 greater than 750 mg/L,less than 40% mortality in 750 mg/L)

FAILED (greater than or equin) to 40% mortality in 750 mg/L, DEFINITIVE TEST RECOMMENDED)

FAILED (greater than or equal to 60 % mortality in 400 mg/L, DEFINITIVE TEST RECOMMENDED)

DEFINITIVE TEST:

96-hr LC50: NV mg/L

95% Confidence limits:

mgA.

Method of Calculation:

Orcentan

Reviewed/Approved By.

Maria Dulce F. Centeno, Ph.D.

Department Supervisor

COMMENTS. alkability I hardness how by MCelDPC.

Date: (3/19/97

Advanced Technology
Laboratories

Entech Analytical Labs, Inc.

525 Del Rey Avenue, Suïte E • Sunnyvale, CA 94086 • (408) 735-1550 • Fax (408) 735-1554

Subcontract Chain of Custody

Subcontract Lab:		Date Sent:	Project Name:		Due Date:	
ATL		9-14-97	SC Poli		4-219	<u> </u>
Sample ID and Source	Matrix	Required Analysis	Date Taken	Time Taken	Containers	Pres?
D12226 (A13-1,14)	50.1	Read ity Ignite.	4	4-1-9	1 yozwag	
D12228 (E-1,12)	7	Reaction, Ignically	F.sh Siocssa	7. ptt8-1-9	7	
		J				

D.F		T.: ID.			Tri	
Relinquished By:		Received By:	a'cht	Date:	4-97 5-40	PM
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WEST Lab Number CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD AND ANALYSIS REQUEST Lab Cse ONL≺ TAT 12 hour / 24 hour / 48 hour / 1 week / 2 weeks IS grams, as vequested. 4 + on hilt Ketun **ANALYSIS REQUEST** WET. TOTAL (Cd, Cr, Pb, Zn, Ni LEAD(6010/7421/239.2) CAM - 17 Metals EPA 625/8270 EPA 624/8240 Remarks: EPA 608/8080 - PCB's EPA 608/8080 - Pesticides Bill To: 0108/109 A93 (Cf08M) liO notoM as H9T TPH as Diesel (M8015) BTEX/TPH as Gasoline (602/8020/M8015) BTEX (602/8020) Matrix via CA overnight Phone#: 916-753-9500 Fax#: 916-753-6091 Sample Receiving#: 916-757-0920 X SOIL **MATER** Received by Laboratory: Method Preserved NONE × ICE স্থ Sampler Signature: [€]ONH Received by: Received by: HCI Project Name: SC Police Container (Type/Amount) JIT PLASTIC ור פר∀פפ Phone #: SLEEVE AOV 9-70-47 | 2000 1046 Olive Drive, Suite 2 Davis, CA 95616 Time Time Time TIME /WEST Analytical Sampling Date Date Date DATE P.O.#: 012228(6-1,15) Sample ID Ewtern Western Environmental Science & Technology Company/Address: Relinquished by: Relinauished by Relinquished by Project Manager: Project Number: Project Location 1 100 D. L

LOWNEYASSOCIALES CITAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

SEND HESULTS TO,

A05 Clyde Ave

Mountain View, Ca 94043

415-967-2365

PAX COPY: \$\infty\$ 415-967-2785 (PAX)

To Kills Do

Project Name:													7	
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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD LO " NE MASSOCIALES

Mountain View, Ca 94043 SEND HESULTS TO,

Mountain View Office 405 Clyde Ave

415-967-2365 PAX COPY: (X) 415-967-2785 (PAX)

lemarks Temperature: put 1940 Regilato 8/1/9718 Time: 53 Thur ANALYSIS REQUESTED Date: 8///9 Date Date Received By Labs Lab Of Records Received Dys Received By: [] 2-3 Hours (RUSH) 10 Working days No. of Cont. 4:30 X 5 Working days Requirements: 3 Working days Turnaround. ☐ 46 Hours [] 24 Hours Time: Sample Matrix 50,1 Date: 8/01/87 | Level C | | Level D 013236 012237 012239 optel0 15cc/0 /hee/a (1.1). 782410 Checla 552510 hecela 013238 1/20/a 15cc/0 Dale: Time ☐ Level II 8/01/97 Sc Police 181-84 Date MIcvel A (standard) Sampler (signature); 1-1/2 QC Requirements: Sampler (print): 7, Hellinquistica Dy: Project Name: Refinquished Dy: Relinquished By: Sample L.D. Report To: 413-2 lob No.: 48-2 1-014 1-414 49-2 47-2 1-22 1-90

525 Del Rey Avenue, Suite E • Sunnyvale, CA 94086 • (408) 735-1550 • Fax (408) 735-1554

Attn: Tom McCloskey Lowney Associates 405 Clyde Avenue Mountain View, CA 94043

Date:	8/26/97
Date Received:	8/19/97
Date Analyzed:	8/26/97
Project Name:	SC Police HQ
Job No.:	181-8A
Sampled By:	Client

Certified Analytical Report

Soil Sample Analysis:

Sample ID	Sample Date	Sample Time	Lab#	Arsenic	Lead
D-17, 0-½'	8/19/97		D13165	9.5	23
C-4, 0-1/2'	8/19/97		D13166	3.4	ND

- 1. DLR=DF x PQL (DF=1 unless noted)
- 2. Analysis performed by Entech Analytical Labs, Inc. (CAELAP #2224)

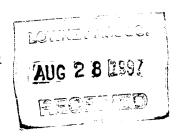
Test Methods:

Test	EPA Method#	Units	PQL
TTLC Extraction	3050		
Arsenic	6010	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg
Lead	6010	mg/kg	0.50 mg/kg

Michael N. Golden, Lab Director

DF=Dilution Factor
DLR=Detection Reporting Limit

PQL=Practical Quantitation Limit
ND=None Detected at or above DLR



525 Del Rey Avenue, Suite E Sunnyvale, CA 94086

QUALITY CONTROL RESULTS SUMMARY

METHOD: ICP

QC Batch #: SM970810

Date Analyzed: 8/22-26/97 Extraction Method: EPA 3050

Matrix: Solid Units: mg/kg

Spiked Saraple: D12963

Onts.	mg/kg									Spine	C Out 1910: 25 125 05
PARAMETER	Method #	MB mg/kg	SA mg/kg	SR mg/kg	SP mg/kg	SP %R	SPD mg/Kg	SPD %R	RPD	RPD (QC L!MITS %R
Antimony	6010	<0.5	25.	0.0	24.	95	23.	91	4.0	25.0	50-150
Arsenic	6010	<0.5	25.	0.0	28.	113	27.	107	5.2	25.0	50-150
Barium	6010	<0.5	25.	0.0	23.	92	24.	96	4.5	25.0	50-150
Beryllium	6010	<0.5	25.	0.0	25.	100	27.	108	7.9	25.0	50-150
Cadmium	6010	<0.5	25.	0.0	27.	106	26.	103	3.6	25.0	50-150
Chromium	6010	<0.5	25.	0.0	22.	88	22.	87	1.7	25.0	50-150
Cobalt	6010	<0.5	25.	0.0	23.	93	23.	92	1.2	25.0	50-150
Copper	6010	<0.5	25.	0.0	26.	103	25.	101	2.1	25.0	50-150
Lead	6010	< 0.5	25.	0.0	25.	101	25.	98	2.6	25.0	50-150
Molybdenum	6010	< 0.5	25.	0.0	29.	114	28.	112	1.8	25.0	50-150
Nickel	6010	<0.5	25.	0.0	24.	96	26.	105	9.1	25.0	50-150
Selenium	6010	< 0.5	25.	0.0	23.	92	23.	94	2.2	25.0	50-150
Silver	6010	< 0.5	25.	0.0	25.	100	25.	100	0.2	25.0	50-150
Thallium	6010	< 0.5	25.	0.0	26.	105	26.	104	0.6	25.0	50-150
Vanadium	6010	< 0.5	25.	0.0	25.	101	24.	98	3.6	25.0	50-150
Zinc	6010	<0.5	25.	0.0	25.	100	24.	98	2.3	25.0	50-150
						1			1	1	

Note: LCS and LCSD results reported for the following Parameters:

All Parameters

Acceptable LCS and LCSD results are reported when matrix interferences cause MS and MSD results to fall outside established QC limits.

Definition of Terms:

na: Not Analyzed in QC batch

MB: Method Blank SA: Spike Added SR: Sample Result SP: Spike Result

SP (%R): Spike % Recovery

SPD: Spike Duplicate Result

SPD (%R): Spike Duplicate % Recovery

LOWNEYASSOCIATES CITAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

SEND HESULTO TO,

405 Clyde Ave

Mountain View, Ca 94043

415-967-2365

FAX COPY: M 415-967-2705 (PAX)

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525 Del Rey Avenue, Suite E • Sunnyvale, CA 94086 • (408) 735-1550 • Fax (408) 735-1554

Attn: Tom McCloskey Lowney Associates 405 Clyde Avenue Mountain View, CA 94043

Date:	9/18/97
Date Received:	8/1/97
Date Analyzed:	9/18/97
Project Name:	SC Police HQ
Job No.:	181-8A
Sampled By:	Client

Certified Analytical Report

Soil Sample Analysis:

San	nple ID	Sample Date	Sample Time	Lab#	TCLP Lead
A8-	-2, 3/4	8/1/97		D12236	0.22

- 1. DLR=DF x PQL (DF=1 unless noted)
- 2. Analysis performed by Entech Analytical Labs, Inc. (CAELAP #2224)

Test Methods:

Test	EPA Method#	Units	PQL
TCLP Extraction	1311		
Lead	6010	mg/liter	0.075 mg/l

Michael N. Golden, Lab Director

DF=Dilution Factor
DLR=Detection Reporting Limit

PQL=Practical Quantitation Limit ND=None Detected at or above DLR

SEP 2 9 1997

QUALITY CONTROL RESULTS SUMMARY

METHOD: ICP

QC Batch #: WN0286

Date Analyzed: 09/23/97

Matrix: Water

Quality Control Sample: D14710

Units:	mg/L										
PARAMETER	Method #	MB mg/L	SA mg/L	SR mg/L	SP mg/L	SP %R	SPD mg/L	SPD % R	RPD	Q %R	C LIMITS RPD
Antimony	200.7	< 0.005		ND	0.50	101	0.50	99	1.2	75- 125	20.0
Arsenic	200.7	< 0.005		ND	0.49	98	0.48	96	2.3	75- 125	20.0
Barium	200.7	< 0.005	0.50	0.017	0.51	98	0.56	108	10.1	75- 125	20.0
Beryllium	200.7	< 0.005	0.50	ND	0.46	92	0.49	97	4.9	75- 125	20.0
Cadmium	200.7	< 0.005	0.50	ND	0.49	98	0.48	97	1.0	75- 125	20.0
Chromium	200.7	< 0.005	0.50	0.023	0.51	98	0.49	94	4.6	75~ 125	20.0
Cobalt	200.7	< 0.005	0.50	ND	0.45	89	0.46	91	2.0	75- 125	20.0
Copper	200.7	< 0.005	0.50	ND	0.47	94	0.47	94	0.0	75- 125	20.0
Lead	200.7	< 0.005	0.50	ND	0.46	92	0.48	95	3.0	75- 125	20.0
Molybdenum	200.7	< 0.005	0.50	ND	0.52	104	0.54	108	3.4	75- 125	20.0
Nickel	200.7	< 0.005	0.50	0.010	0.50	97	0.49	96	1.5	75- 125	20.0
Selenium	200.7	< 0.005	0.50	ND	0.45	89	0.46	92	3.7	75- 125	20.0
Silver	200.7	<0.005	0.50	0.008	0.48	94	0.47	92	1.3	75- 125	20.0
Thallium	200.7	< 0.005	0.50	0.048	0.44	79	0.46	82	3.0	75- 125	20.0
Vanadium	200.7	< 0.005	0.50	ND	0.45	90	0.46	92	2.4	75- 125	20.0
Zinc	200.7	< 0.005	0.50	0.017	0.48	93	0.46	89	3.9	75- 125	20.0
	!	!!				:				!	i

Note: LCS and LCSD results reported for the following Parameters:

None

Acceptable LCS and LCSD results are reported when matrix interferences cause MS and MSD results to fall outside established QC limits.

Definition of Terms:

MB: Method Blank

na: Not analyzed in QC batch

SA: Spike Added SR: Sample Result

SP: Spike Result

SP (%R) Spike % Recovery

SPD Spike Duplicate Result

SPD (%R) Spike % Recovery

LOWNENASSOCIATES CITAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

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415-967-2765

FAX COUT: (\$ 415-197-2785 (UAX)

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APPENDIX D ESTIMATED REMEDIAL COSTS AND REMEDIAL ALTERNATIVES



Screening of Remedial Alternatives

Alt	ernative	Screenin	g Criteria	
Number	Name	Effectiveness	Implementability	Estimated Cost with 25% Contingency
1	No Action	Not effective; does not meet the remedial action objective.	Not implementable; inconsistent with the future development of the site; will not receive regulatory approval.	Capital Cost \$0 Continuing Cost \$0
2	Institutional Actions	Not effective; construction workers will come into contact with impacted material; does not meet remedial action objective.	Implementable; long- term management of impacted material required; construction will be slowed when workers encounter lampblack-impacted material.	Capital Cost \$† Continuing Cost \$22,500 to \$43,750*
3	Limited Soil Excavation and On-Site Use	Effective; limits exposure to construction workers and on-site occupants.	Implementable; long- term management of impacted material required; notification requirements will be reduced.	Capital Cost \$52,500 to \$68,750 Continuing Cost \$20,000 to \$42,250*
4	Soil Excavation and Off-Haul	Effective; impacted soil removed from site for appropriate disposal.	Implementable; long- term management of impacted material not required.	Capital Cost \$196,500 to \$382,000 Continuing Cost \$0

[†]Capital cost associated with construction slowdown and managing the impacted material during construction was not estimated. Costs would exceed Alternative 3.
*Estimated 10-year cost.

Estimated Remediation Costs for Lampblack Impacted Soils

Alternative 2 Institutional Actions

Conti	nuing Costs (Years 1 to 10)	
Item	Frequency of Events	Cost Per Event
DTSC-Imposed Deed Restriction	1 Event	\$2,000 to \$5,000
Institutional Constraints	1 Event Every 5 Years	\$3,000 to \$8,000
Asphalt Cap Maintenance	Annual	\$1,000 to \$2,000
Asphalt Surface Resealing	1 Event Every 5 Years	\$3,000 to \$5,000
Subtotals	Estimated Year 1 Cost	\$3,000 to \$7,000
	Estimated Years 2 to 5 Cost	\$7,000 to \$13,000
	Estimated Years 6 to 10 Cost	\$8,000 to \$15,000
Subtotal Years 1 to 10		\$18,000 to \$35,000
Contingency (25%)		\$4,500 to \$8,750
TOTAL		\$22,500 to \$43,750

Estimated Remediation Costs for Lampblack Impacted Soils

Alternative 3 Limited Soil Excavation and On-Site Disposal

	Capita	Costs	
Item	Quantity	Unit	Cost
Contractor Preparation of Health and Safety Plan and Dust Control Plan	1	\$3,000 to \$5,000	\$3,000 to \$5,000
Excavating and Stockpiling of Impacted Soil	3,000 to 5,000 tons	\$7 per ton	\$21,000 to \$35,000
Excavating Disposal Area	2,000 to 4,000 tons	\$7 per ton	\$14,000 to \$28,000
Backfilling	2,000 to 4,000 tons	\$7 per ton	\$14,000 to \$28,000
Engineering Oversight and Reporting	1	\$20,000 to \$30,000	\$20,000 to \$30,000
Subtotal			\$72,000 to \$98,000
Contingency (25%)			\$18,000 to \$24,500
TOTAL			\$90,000 to \$122,500

Conti	nuing Costs (Years 1 to 10)	
Item	Frequency of Events	Cost Per Event
DTSC-Imposed Deed Restriction	1 Event	\$2,000 to \$5,000
Institutional Constraints	1 Event Per 10 Years	\$1,000 to \$3,000
Asphalt Maintenance	Annual	\$1,000 to \$2,000
Asphalt Surface Resealing	1 Event Every 10 Years	\$3,000 to \$5,000
Subtotals	Estimated Year 1 Cost	\$3,000 to \$7,000
	Estimated Years 2 to 10 Cost	\$13,000 to \$26,000
Subtotal Years 1 to 10		\$16,000 to \$33,000
Contingency (25%)		\$4,000 to \$82750
TOTAL		\$20,000 to \$41,250

Estimated Remediation Costs for Lampblack Impacted Soils

Alternative 4 Soil Excavation and Off-Site Disposal

(Capital	Costs	
Item	Quantity	Unit	Cost
Contractor Preparation of Health and Safety Plan and Dust Control Plan	1	\$3,000 to \$5,000	\$3,000 to \$5,000
Manifesting	1	\$200 to \$500	\$200 to \$500
Excavating and Loading	3,000 to 5,000 tons	\$5 per ton	\$15,000 to \$25,000
Transport (non-hazardous)	3,000 to 5,000 tons	\$11 per ton	\$33,000 to \$55,000
Disposal Fees (Class II)	3,000 to 5,000 tons	\$20 per ton	\$60,000 to \$100,000
Backfilling	3,000 to 5,000 tons	\$10 per ton	\$30,000 to \$50,000
Engineering Oversight and Reporting	1	\$15,000 to \$20,000	\$15,000 to \$20,000
Subtotal			\$157,200 to \$275,500
Contingency (25%)			\$39,300 to \$68,875
TOTAL			\$196,500 to \$382,000